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THE IREDELL EXPRESS.

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TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One Dollar a square for the first week, and Twenty-five Cents for every week thereafter. Sixteen lines or less will make a square.—Deductions made in favor of standing matter as follows:

	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
One square,	$3.50	$5.50	$8.00
Two squares,	7.00	10.00	14.00
Three squares,	10.00	15.00	20.00

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Poetry.

For the Iredell Express.

Will You Remember Me?

BY WILLIE WARE.

Will you remember me!
My gentle friend,
When other skies above the bend,
And other hands do press
And other lips caress
Thee, gentle friend.

Will you remember me?
My gentle friend,
When other forms do bend
Before thy beauty's shrine
In Italy's fair clime,
My gentle friend.

Will you remember me?
My gentle friend,
Remember me till life doth end—
And thy book of life
Is free from strife
In Heaven, friend.

Brooklyn, N. Y., 1860.

Social Circle.

We this week, with the members of the 'Circle' welcome our fair friend, MILDRED, from her 'Country Home,' hoping she may often grace the columns of the 'Express' with her contributions, and mingle in thought with its pleasant contributors.

KIND CIRCLE: Honored as I have been with an invitation from one of your members, I too, would approach your "mystic Circle," and ask a seat at the feet of any of your more worthy members. And should I find a welcome from you all, I should strive to add some fragments of interest to the many letters which adorn the "Circle."

"Goodbye!" And may I hope often to meet you all in the columns of the Express.

Yours truly, MILDRED.

Country Home, Sept. 17th.

The Broker and his Clerk.

Many a man who has become a hardened criminal might have been saved to society by a little tender sympathy and discriminate kindness in the beginning of his vicious life. Few men have grace to act like the broker in the following incident, but success would follow often such kindness:

It is easy to ruin, and it is easy to save a young man. One of the leading brokers of New York had a young man in his employ. The vast amount of money in his hands was a great temptation to him. Small sums were missed day after day; one quarter, then fifty cents, then one dollar, then two dollars were missed. He was charged with the peculation. The broker showed him how he could detect the abstraction of the smallest sum of money; the young man stammered and confessed. "Now," said the broker, I shall not discharge, I shall not dishonor you. I intend to keep you, and make a man of you. You will be a vagabond if you go along in this way. Now let me see no more of this. He went to his work. He did not disappoint the confidence. He did honor to his employer. And the other day he was inducted into one of our banks in an honorable position, and his employer became his bondsman to the amount of $10,000. Had he conducted as some would have done—sent the boy away, proclaimed his dishonor—perhaps he would have ended his days in the State Prison, and been sent to his tomb in the garb of a convict. But a young man was rescued from ruin who had been placed amid the temptation of money, and for a moment was overcome.

The Bones of a Supposed Masterdon.

On the farm of William H. Harrison lying directly on the banks of James River, in the county of Prince George, there is an inexhaustible bed of marl. Perhaps we should qualify this remark, and say, that in the opinion of the knowing ones, and those who have prosecuted the study of geology in that section with much zeal, it is inexhaustible. Thousands and thousands of bushels have been dug from it, and as yet it shows no sign of exhaustation. As the excavators get deeper and deeper into the bowels of the 'enricher,' the more excellent becomes the quality of the article exhumed, and down at a distance of some thirty or forty feet from the surface of the earth, are found embedded some very remarkable productions. Bones, shells, and rock, which excite the attention of the curious and puzzle the wisest, are turned up to receive the rays of a sun which probably has not shone upon them directly for several centuries previous. Recently, some of the bones which have been brought to light are of enormous size, and establish beyond a controversy, the truth of the remark we sometimes hear, 'that there were giants in those days.' We have now before us a specimen which weighs about twenty-eight or thirty pounds, and which seems to have originally formed a vertebra to the spinal column of a masterdon, or some other animal of gigantic proportions. This is the opinion of anatomists and geologists. We are not sufficiently proficient in either science to give an authoritative opioion, but as we have sundry wiseacres in our midst, we cheerfully extend an invitation to all who feel interested to call and examine for themselves.—[Petersburg Express.]

—Glory palls, fame sickens, content alone is unchanging happiness.

Miscellaneous.

The Maniac's Confession.

A few years ago I visited an insane asylum. The woman in charge conducted me through various apartments, giving us all the information in regard to the occupants she was able, and kindly answering all the questions, until we came to a room where one of the patients had lately died, and now lay awaiting the disposal of her friends, who had been apprised of her decease. We entered and gazed reverently upon the sleeper. She was a woman in the prime of life, and bore traces of great beauty. What great sorrow had bereft this beautiful creature of her reason? and by what relative, and for what motive had she been incarcerated in this living tomb, were queries which were in my mind as I gazed upon her lifeless remains.

My eyes involuntarily wandered over the apartment. A little table stood in the corner, beneath the grated window. A bible lay open upon it, and as I took it up a paper slid from beneath its leaves and fell at my feet. I raised it. It was a closely written sheet; and a glance convinced me that it was some sort of revelation which had been written there during the last hours of her life that had fled.

'What is this?' I asked as I held up the paper.

'Oh, that is probably some of Aggy's scribbling. She used to call for the pen and paper, and she would write over several sheets and then destroy them. That is probably one of them—of no consequence, I presume,' said the woman.

I asked if I might retain it.

'Why, yes, if you wish to,' she replied.

I hid it in my bosom, and soon left the premises.

'What could you possibly want of that crazy woman's scribbling?' my companion asked as we left the building.

'I fancy there is something here worth preserving,' I replied. 'Let us examine it.'

As we rode home I read it aloud to my friend. It was written in a trembling hand, and read as follows:

'I was the only idolized daughter of wealthy parents. I possessed a haughty and imperious temper which was never subdued or restrained. My parents were never religious and no pains were taken to impress upon my mind religious truths. Consequently, I grew up unprincipled and extremely passionate.

While every pains was taken with my education, and accomplishments, my heart was left to run wild, overgrown, and choked by the briars and thorns of selfishness and love of tyranny; yet I was passionately attached to my friends, and as long as they did not cross my imperious will I got on nicely with them.

Thus I grew to womanhood. Chances threw me into the society of a young lawyer of distinguished abilities, who had begun what was predicted a brilliant career. I learned to love him with all the depth of my passionate and impulsive nature; and he was wild with joy, when one day he came to me, and in elegant language told me how long and devotedly he had loved me, and asked me to be his wife.

We were married. If I occasionally felt a twinge of distrust of my own qualifications for a wife, I soon silenced it with the argument that my love was strong enough to make up for all deficiencies.

My husband was all that was good, and noble and generous. I was often passionate and unreasonable. But he would take me to his bosom, kiss me so tenderly, and say so gently, 'You must subdue this unhappy temper, Aggy. It is making you so miserable.'

Then when he was gone I would fly to my chamber, lock the door, and give myself up to a fit of weeping for very shame.

We had been married about a year. One evening (would to God I could blot from the record of time that fatal night; but it lives like a hissing, fiery serpent in my memory, and has doomed me to utter despair in this world, and I fear in next!) my husband did not return at the usual hour. I watched long at my accustomed place at the parlor window.—His slippers and dressing gown were warming by the grate and everything was in readiness for him; but he did not come. Twilight deepened into darkness, and I began to grow uneasy. All my selfish feelings were aroused, and felt myself sorely grieved An hour more: yet he came not. I paced up and down the floor in a fit of impatience. A ring at the door, I awaited to hear his steps upon the stairs; but it was a lighter step than his, accompanied by the rustling of silk. It was Nellie B———, an intimate friend, bounded in. She was dressed for the opera. She said their carriage awaited at the door for myself and Ernest. I told her Ernest had not returned from his office, and I could not go. She looked disappointed. A sudden thought seized me. Would not it be capital revenge for his neglect of me to find the parlor deserted when he came? I went to the opera. We were scarcely seated in our box when a party entered a box opposite. The blood rushed back to my heart, and my pulse stood still as I recognized Ernest, my husband, and leaning upon his arm one of the most beautiful young creatures my eyes ever beheld. This was my first impression, for there quickly followed so deadly and jealous a hatred as made her look positively ugly. I quickly drew down my veil that my husband might not discover me, and from my concealment I watched them with glancing eyes. I heard nothing, saw nothing else, and once when rallied by my companions, I replied that I was not well, and begged to be left by myself.

Then with the fierceness of a tiger, fearful of loosing its prey, I turned my eyes towards my husband and his 'guilty paramour.' She seemed to be enjoying the performance intensely, but he seemed to see nothing but her, and she would occasionally lift her eyes to his face.—Then I saw him smile (just as he had smiled upon me a thousand times,) while he still bent over her with renewed devotions.

Each moment was like a red hot dagger piercing my heart. I know not what demon possessed me; I must have been mad when I vowed a terrible revenge. 'Twas better I resolved, that he should die while yet there existed a spark of love for me, than to see him drawn by the syren, till perhaps I should be utterly deserted, and felt all my blind love eating away my heart strings like a consuming fire.

At my request we left the opera at an early hour, and with a terrible purpose I entered my home. But what was that home to me? The love that had brightened it was no longer mine. Some demon furnished me with a resolution to execute my desperate purpose.

It had been our custom sometimes to drink a glass of sweet wine of an evening when we were alone. I drew the table to the fire, and placed the decanter and glasses. Then with trembling hands I brought a deadly opiate, the nature of which I well knew. The first effect it produced was a deep sleep, which in a few hours terminated in the deep sleep of death. I filled the glass, and into one I dropped the drug—all was done with rapidity, lest my resolution should fail me.

When all was ready I paced up and down the room, nursing the fires which raged within my bosom, by recounting to my idolized husband all my love, he lying still and weeping. Then I drew another picture. I saw him drawn from me, giving his love to another.—I thought of all the agony I had suffered that night, and imagining how much deeper would be my wrong if I spared him. At that moment I heard his night key in the latch and he soon entered the room. I stood in the recess of the window, where he did not at once observe me. The wine first attracted his attention—the fatal glass. I saw him lift it to his lips, drain its contents, and I fell fainting to the floor.

I knew no more for several hours. When I rallied I was lying on the sofa; the lamp was burning dimly; an easy chair was wheeling at my side, and in it I saw the form of my husband. I sprang quickly up. He was in a heavy slumber, and already his breath came thicker and shorter, and his pulse beat but faintly.

My anger had passed away; and all the wild worshipping love which I had cherished towards my husband came rushing back upon my heart. I chafed his hands, and kissed his lips, I strove to rouse him; but all in vain. Again I paced up and down the floor, but oh! what different emotions possessed me now.

A little folded paper, which I had not before noticed, and lying upon the table, caught my eye. Scarcely knowing or caring what I did, I took it up and opened it. I saw it was the hand writing of my husband, and I eagerly read its contents. Great God of Heaven. What had I done? It was a note that Ernest had sent me, and which did not arrive till I had gone out. It ran as follows:

'Excuse me, Aggy dear, from coming home to tea. My sister, of whom I spoke to you this morning, has come, and has sent for me to come to her.—If she is not too weary, I will take you both to the opera this evening, and will call for you at eight.'

Your loving HUSBAND.

Now, for the first time, I remembered, that he had told me in the morning that an only sister of his, who had been absent for several years was expected home that day. His parents resided in another part of the city.—'He would call for me at eight.' I had gone out earlier, and probably by some carelessness of the carrier, the note had not arrived at the time. I afterwards learned that he did call for me, and being told that I had gone to the opera with some one, and probably had received his note, he proceeded to the place with his sister, hoping to find me there.

A wild hope that he may yet be roused seized me, and I sprang to his side. But alas! too late!—he had ceased to breathe. Oh! heaven of heavens! what evil had my blind, passionate temper wrought on me and mine. Again I became insensible.

I opened my eyes. Loving, tear-stained faces bent over me. A soft hand was gently stroking my temples, and I gazed into the face of the gentle sister whom I had never seen save upon the fatal night. She kissed me and whispered, 'Dear Aggy, you are the greatest sufferer of all.'

I was told that I was found in the morning by the servant, lying upon the floor insensible, and my husband reclining in his chair, dead! It seemed that suspicions had not rested on myself. The coronor was called and his verdict was, 'Died by the visitation of God.'

Heaven only knows how I loathed and hated myself. I longed to confess the truth, but for the sake of others forebore to reveal what would have brought deep disgrace upon the family. A long illness followed and my reason reeled. I was carried back to my parents. I could not remain in the house which had been the scene of my sin and punishment.

A year passed; I grew no better, but was still trembling on the verge of insanity, yet retaining sufficient reason to distinctly remember my sorrow and to understand what was passing around me. What was perhaps, strange I was unconscious of all my mental condition.

Years passed, and my parents died. I was placed in the care of an uncle who was my own natural guardian. From him I had inherited the selfish passion which had been my ruin.

For a time I lived in his house, but he found me too great a trouble, and under pretence of solicitude for my recovery he placed me in the insane asylum. I knew it was only to get me out of his way that he might have no hindrance in possessing himself of my large fortune. But I did not object. I felt I deserved it all.

Twelve years have I spent in this retreat. Every one has been extremely kind to me.

During that time I have never seen my uncle. It is almost over. I feel that I shall soon follow to the dark bourne where, in my frenzy, I sent my noble husband nearly twenty years ago. I have read the bible—I have tried to pray.

A few months since I visited——— Cemetery. I found their graves. A costly monument marks the spot. The uncle is living in possession of his neice's wealth, and is seemingly prosperous. I have never made known to any one the existence of the paper in my possession. I have learned that the family of Ernest are all dead. The dear friend who shared with me the knowledge of Aggy's confession also lies "beneath the sod of the valley."

Hoping that it may serve as a warning to some who read it, I give the history to the world.

"Mother."

O, word of undying beauty! Thine echoes sound along the walls of time until they crumble at the breath of the Eternal. In all the world there is not a habitable spot where the music of that holiest word is not sounded. Ay, by the flower of the river, by the crystal margin of the forest tree, in the hut built of bamboo cane, in the mud and thatched cottage, by the peaks of the kissing mountains, in the widespread valley, on the blue ocean, in the changeless desert, where the angel came down to give the parched lips the sweet waters of the wilderness, under the white tent of the Arab, and in the dark covered wigwam of the Indian hunter; wherever the pulses of human hearts beat quick and warm, or float feebly along the current of failing life, there is that sweet word spoken, like a universal prayer—"Mother."

The Race Between Bell and Lincoln.

Every day serves to accummulate evidence of the fact that the heat of the present contest is between Bell and Lincoln—the one the representative of nationality and the other of sectionalism. The fighting factions of the Democracy will consume each other, and every vote for either takes Mr. Bell and adds to the relative strength of Lincoln. The duty of all conservative patriots, of all sections, now is to rally to the standard of Bell and Everett.—*Asheville Spectator.*

Making a Living.

"Sonny, where is your father?"

"Father's dead, sir"

"Have you any mother?"

"Yes, I had one, but she's got married to Joe Danklin, and don't be my mother any more, 'case she says she's got enough to do to tend to his own young 'uns."

"Smart boy! here's a dime for you."

"Thank you sir; it's the way I make my livin."

"How?"

"Why by tellin' big yarns to green 'uns like you, at a dime a pop."

Shocco Springs.

This established and favorite summer retreat is fast filling up. Its old patrons are collecting for a splendid turn out at the Grand Fancy Dress Ball on the 18th and 19th of this month. The celebrated Costumer, Mr. Marshael, of Baltimore, will be in attendance with his unrivalled wardrobe.—*Warrenton News.*

"Song."

BY L. V. GREENE.

Hear ye not the voice of Summer
Laughing 'mong the balmy leaves?
List ye not his lyric chorus
Singing 'mid the golden sheaves?
From the streamlets in the meadows,
From the poplars high in air,
Gushes forth the song of Nature,
Earth is fair! Earth is fair!

From the lips of blushing roses
Sweetly float the verbal strains;
Whilst the tiny notes of insects
Gaily blend in blithe refrains.
On the perfumed breath of heaven,
Soft as lisp of infant's prayer,
Warbles mild Eolian measures,
Earth is fair! Earth is fair!

Hear ye not the gladsome hymning
From the misty peaks of mountains?
Out their grand and vasty caverns,
In the purl of crystal fountains?
Hear ye not old ocean chanting
Hoarsely from his savage lair?
List ye not the lakelets singing,
Earth is fair! Earth is fair!

Notes on Japan.

One trait of Japanese character has evinced itself in a most emphatic manner, since foreign intercourse has been allowed, and that is, a willingness to be persuaded out of their own erroneous impressions; but when a disposition is made toward compelling, by using forcible or threatening language, they invariably stand on their dignity and will not be moved—and that is one great reason why the Americans, as a class, are so much liked, while the English on the reverse, are as much disliked by the Japanese—the Americans invariably being ready to argue a point with persuasiveness, and a show of sincerity, while the argument of the English is one of compulsion and bullying, which has never yet proved beneficial.

So much were the Americans thought of here, that the Japanese government decided to send an Embassy to America, especially so when the Japanese were made aware of the fact that every attention would be shown to such a mission—although such an act was the first in the history of the empire ever undertaken. The Americans, since the news of the arrival and kindly attentions shown them in San Francisco, have been the lions of the day—and in every nook and corner, both high and low speak of the treatment received by their officers with feelings of gratitude. Although it was a foregone conclusion with the Japanese officials that the Embassy would be well received, yet its influence will be well and sensibly felt, and redound with much benefit to the Americans here.

The beauties of this country will yet be known, and Fusiyama, with its snowy peak standing like a monument, the sceptre of Japan, which can be seen for 150 miles at sea, will yet find its sides covered with connoiseurs and travellers from all parts of the world, ready and willing to accord to it the praise it deserves—that of the finest regular mountain in the world.

Jeddo, with its millions upon millions of beings, its parks, its palaces, its tea houses, government buildings and Emperor's palace, will yet be crowded by foreigners, seeking and finding hidden wealth. Strange tongues will pervade the very doors of the Emperor's palace, where no "foreign dog" had ever dared to come, save upon his knees.

Miaco, the heart of the empire, the residence of the spiritual Emperor, the Palestine of Japan, will yet succumb to foreign intrigue, and ere long the prediction given in a former letter upon the opening Japan to trade will be fulfilled—Japan will curse the day she saw foreigner in her midst.

Already are the officials of the empire fearful of the wealth of the merchants—their lowest class—and are devising means of reducing and curtailing their increasing strength. This retards trade, and redounds to the temporary disadvantage of commerce. California is the nearest and most natural outlet for the produce of Japan, and it devolves upon California to carry out the great project of steam communication which, if not soon undertaken, will be superseded by the Peninsular and Oriental Navigation Company's steamers—a line which already nearly encircles the world.

We find the climate all that we anticipated. We are now just coming near the end of the spring rain, and the weather begins to grow warm. The summer may be hot, but cannot now be longer than in New England, while the winter is very slight. The country abounds in fruits of great variety, and the soil produces abundantly what is necessary for the support and comfort of life. The oil and the barley are now being gathered in, and the people are planting cotton in fields thus cleared of their early crop. The rice fields begin to look green, and the berries, pears, apricots &c., are in the market.

The country presents to the eye of the admirer of nature many beautiful and romantic landscapes, so that we are often lured out to stroll in the fields to breathe the invigorating air and talk with and watch the people at labor. In this way we get many good lessons in the language gratis, and if our teachers are not returned to us, this may be almost our only means of acquiring the Japanese tongue for a long time to come.

Our missionaries are most comfortably located at Kanagawa. I must acknowledge to possessing a little prejudice against missionaries generally, yet a more respectable set of gentlemen and ladies are not to be found in any mission in the world.

Slight earthquakes are very frequent here. The other day we had a shock sufficient to make the doors and windows rattle, and the joints of the house crack, and the next morning we had one of a similar character.

A Model Young Man.

In the article below a young man may learn the estimation in which he is held by a very sensible lady—we might say, a "model woman," if she approximates, in life, to her "model young man." Read it young man and do not pronounce it idle talk. Depend upon it, at the present day the country needs just such young men.

Why is it that those who delight to hear themselves called men, often seems oblivious or careless of the virtuous characteristics of true manhood?

A true man, or as we often distinguish him—a gentleman feels within himself a consciousness of strength, and despising idleness and effeminacy, willingly accepts the task of "earning his bread by the sweat of his brow"—a decree of heaven, which has proved a blessing to all good men. He disdains no honest labor, but grasps with equal alacrity, the axe, the plow, the hammer, the pen or the sword, nor pauses to glance at his dainty white hands, perhaps, bleached, at a mother's or sister's expense. He scorns to live on another's labor, or luxuriate in the possession of an inheritance, that has been hardly earned by some honest man. He feels that to be a man and do his duty, he is bound to labor at some profitable employment six days in every week.—When he gives himself an occasional holiday, he strives to recruit his energies for the sole purpose of engaging again in the battle of life. He never suffers himself to be tempted to utter a falsehood, either in jest or earnest, knowing that it brings with it a train of misfortunes, that is sure to injure and humiliate him. He shuns all manifestations of temper, nor allows his reason to be overthrown by anger, feeling the truth of the Proverb, that "he that ruleth his spirit is better than he that taketh a city." He avoids all show of pride, knowing that 'man hath naught to boast of." If he is handsome, God made him so; if learned, he was instructed by others; if rich, it is by the gift of his Heavenly Father, who hath rendered him a steward over these things, and of which He will require a full account. There is no timidity in our model man; for timidity only becomes the weaker sex. There is modesty in his speech and action, that will not admit of the slightest approach to slang words or vulgar phrases. Moderation, decorum, neatness and affability, distinguish him at all times. Intelligent and truly polite; his behaviour is ever pleasing and graceful. When he enters the presence of an inferior, he endeavors to hide his own superiority; nor is he ever unkind, haughty or overbearing. In polite society he bends to etiquette and strives to harmonize his actions with those with whom he is associating. He looks upon intemperance, gaming, or dissipation of any kind, as the most dangerous pit-falls to man, and as the sure road to ruin and disgrace. He fears not to acknowledge that he is not willing to put his strength to the test of being tempted; but feeling the natural depravity of man, prays for a deliverance from this evil. He never stoops to flatter, feeling that it is beneath the dignity of manhood; but strives to make himself so agreeable that there is no need of that base style of policy.—He is never found a gossip, knowing that this weakness is perfectly contemptible. He never suffers envy to enter his heart, and boasts not of attainments or possessions. His generosity is fully displayed in tender, kind acts, to all that do not possess his strength of body or mind. Sociability characterizes him at all times, for he feels that all who enter society have a duty to perform; and cannot live for himself alone, without sin. He is not only punctual in all business engagements and obligations of great importance, but cultivates the habits of promptness in the smallest particular. He is a good listener, a firm friend, and an earnest admirer of all modest, sensible persons, especially women; a protector of the weak, a champion for innocence, an advocate of virtue and piety.—*Eufaula Express.*

Lost Child.

One of the most distressing and heart rending incidents we have ever been called upon to chronicle occurred in this county several days ago. A little child of Mr. Drury Shearin, aged about three years, went into the woods with a company of children to gather chincapins. In the evening a cloud came up, and the children becoming alarmed at the threatening aspect of the weather, began to make for home. They did not discover that one of their number was missing until their arrival at Mr. Shearin's. It was then ascertained that a little boy of Mr. S., had been left behind in the woods. But little apprehension was felt at first as it was thought the child could be found without any difficulty. Several members of the family started immediately in the direction in which the children had been strolling, but they returned after several hours' search with no tidings of the whereabouts of the missing child. Its parents grew alarmed, and sent for several of the neighbors to assist them in prosecuting the search. The woods were diligently scoured until late in the night, but with no better success.

The next morning the whole neighborhood was aroused. The sad intelligence that Mr. Shearin's little boy could not be found, created an intense and heartfelt sympathy for the fate of the child, and at an early hour, the search became general, and the woods were thronged with a multitude of people, old and young, male and female, black and white. Anxiety was depicted on every countenance, and every heart throbbed with painful emotion on account of the indescribable distress of the grief—stricken mother. More than two hundred persons turned out on Saturday, and spent the whole day in exploring the surrounding country in quest of the little unfortunate, but their efforts were unavailing.

On Sunday, there was preaching in the vicinity, and as soon as the congregation was dismissed, it was proposed that all present should go and assist those engaged in the search. This proposition was received with entire unanimity, and in a few moments afterwards, the whole congregation scattered in various directions to join the pursuers. It was estimated that more than five hundred individuals turned out on Sunday. The footsteps of the child were traced to a small stream, about two miles from Mr. Shearin's residence. On the edge of the stream there is a low fence, which the child had evidently climbed over, and the general impression was that he had fallen into the water and had drowned. The stream was then examined, but the body could not be found. The anxiety to know the fate of the child was intense. Various surmises and conjectures were made, but none gave a satisfactory solution to the mystery. The impression that the child was drowned proved to be correct. On Monday, the body was discovered on the surface of the water about two hundred yards below the place to which the footsteps had been traced. It was disfigured and mutilated, the work of decomposition having already commenced. It is supposed that the child was drowned sometime on Saturday, as some workmen, who were laboring a short distance from the branch, stated that, on Saturday morning they heard what they thought were the cries of an infant, but as they had received no intelligence that Mr. Shearin's little boy was missing, they paid but little attention to the noise.—*Oxford Leisure Hour.*

The Modern Young Lady.

Inheriting a goodly share of conceit and indolence, these desirable qualities are increased in growth, by a wise application of flattery from an indulgent "mamma." At an early age she enters a boarding school, and thence emerges "a young lady" of the latest style—a graduate with all the 'accomplishments,' which are certainly valuable, considering her object to be gained by it, viz: a rich establishment and an appendage in the shape of a husband—young or old, suited or unsuited, no matter; so he is rich—rich.

First, and most needed, is a certain quality called 'tact.' Of French she speaks enough to give some an idea she knows it. She knows enough of music and Italian to sing one selection from the last opera—'that is needed for effect,' but the effect, is generally murder. As to English, 'it is not necessary to go very deeply into that (as if she could go very deeply into anything but expense) to write a note of invitation properly.' Of the useful branches of sewing and housekeeping she boasts entire ignorance, thanking her stars she was not born for a sewing-girl, or household drudge, but a lady. In dress she consults Fashion instead of Health or Modesty, considering the latter very good sort of people, but 'so ancient in their ideas.' In society she seeks those above, and if by cringing and flattery she gains a footing there, she seems uncertain of her position, conscious that neither by heart or intellect is she entitled to it. Yet ever bearing in mind this mother's precept, 'Now, my dear, you have a face and style which should make your fortune. I am sure you have no foolish, romantic notions about love and that sort of thing, so I will only give you this caution. Be discreet in your flirtations, and never try to have an idea of your own in conversation. Defer to the gentlemen's opinions, and you will gain favor with them. A certain degree of coquetry also will bring you into notice, and add to your fascinations; but be sure to know the position of your admirers as regards wealth, so you may choose wisely. The men (conceited creatures') talk much now-a-days about extravagant, flirting women, but we soon manage to make them forget these things, and think that a working girl may make a good wife, but probably not an elegant one.'

Her object gained, her life, a mere struggle to keep up appearances—secretly despised both by herself and her associates—who would envy her?

Messrs. Clingman and McRae.

We take from the National *Democrat* the annexed report of the "colloquy" between Messrs. Clingman and McRae, on the occasion of the "jubilee," together with the Editor's comments on it.

Colloquy between Mr. Clingman and Mr. McRae at the Democratic Barbecue.

Mr. Clingman in the course of his speech, remarked, "if any man in North Carolina should be base and mean enough to hold office under Lincoln if he should be elected—"

At this moment Mr. McRae enquired respectfully of Mr. Clingman "if this was a Democratic meeting" to which Mr. Clingman replied 'it was.'

Mr. McRae: 'I desire then to ask the honorable Senator this question,' at this time there were cries—'no this is not a Democratic meeting, it is a Breckinridge meeting—put him out, free soiler,' &c.

Mr. McRae: 'You have published this as a Democratic meeting to be participated in by all who united in sustaining the State Democratic ticket.'

The Chairman then requested Mr. McRae to put his question.

Mr. McRae: 'I desire to ask the gentleman if he means that on the election of Lincoln without any overt act on his part, of aggression, the operations of the government shall be stopped in North Carolina by all citizens refusing to fill the Government offices?'

Mr. Clingman: 'I will answer your question by asking another. Will you accept office if Lincoln is elected?'

Mr. McRae: 'He will be more apt to offer you an office than me, for he would be ungrateful not to reward those who are in effect aiding his election.'

Mr. Clingman: 'That is an evasion.'

Mr. McRae: 'Very well, I will answer; there is no office in North Carolina that I could take without a sacrifice, but while I would be perfectly independent of Mr. Lincoln, detesting his principles, and bound to the South by every interest and feeling, I would, if it should be necessary in order to carry on the Government in the State, consent to fill an office even at a personal sacrifice, with the understanding that I would shoulder my musket against Mr. Lincoln on the first act of aggression. I recognize no propriety in dissolving the Union, because of Mr. Lincoln's election, and still less by such act of revolution. On the first aggressive act by Mr. Lincoln, I would shoulder my musket and march as far as the honorable Senator.'

The public will see from the foregoing that Yanceyism and Disunion are spreading. Here is Mr. Clingman, who was a Douglas man at the Baltimore Convention, now declaring that 'all citizens of North Carolina should refuse office in the event of Lincoln's election,' *and thus* put an end to the Union.

Let us see how this will operate. The Post Masters are to resign, and all mail communication is to cease. Business men are to be cut off from their correspondence, and the Post Office medium of communication is to be lost to the press and the people.

The collectors are to resign and foreign vessels are to be permitted to enter our ports free of the laws of the United States.

The federal Judge, Mr. Biggs, with his clerks and jurors are to refuse service, and the United States Courts are to refuse to suitors the trials of their suits—all this is the legitimate and necessary result of Mr. Clingman's enunciation, that it will be base and dishonorable for any one to hold office under Lincoln's administration.

Of course if Mr. Clingman thinks it 'base and dishonorable' for Southern men to consent to hold the offices, and his Southern colleagues agree with him, the Senate will refuse to ratify all Southern appointments, and then without any action on the part of the people, an act of revolution in the Senate will stop the action of the Government in the South and put an end to the Union.

Are the people prepared for this before any act of aggression, and in the face of the fact, that there is a Democratic majority loyal and true, with Stephen A. Douglas at its head, who can hold in check every name of Mr. Lincoln, and we have Mr. Douglas's assurance to the fact that he will unite in bringing Mr. Lincoln or any one else to condign punishment who will dare to assail the constitutional rights of the States.

No, sir, the '*People*' are not prepared for this. But the Breckinridge Disunionists are 'prepared' for it. Abram Venable is 'prepared' for it. Weldon Edwards is prepared for it, and divers others of less note are 'prepared' for it, and will try to 'prepare' the people for it. It is the Yancey, Boyce & Co. scheme. But we tell these fire-eaters that the people of North Carolina *can't* be 'prepared' for a scheme to tuck this Old State to the tail of South Carolina in her exit from the Union. But there is one thing that the people of North Carolina *are* 'prepared' for. They are 'prepared' to do their part in preventing the occurrence of the contingency, to bring on which is the sole purpose of the friends of Breckinridge. They are 'prepared' to give the vote of this State to John Bell, between whom and Abe Lincoln the choice is now narrowed down.—That's what the people of North Carolina are 'prepared' to do, *and that's what they will do, as surely as the sun is in the firmament.*

Raleigh Register.

A surgeon who courted a lady, and was rejected, charged for his visits.

From the Houston (Texas) Republican.

Who is Breckinridge?

Will the people judge him by himself or the political weather-cocks who called him an Abolitionist yesterday and a simon pure Southern Rights Democrat to-day?

The Disunion press of Texas talk of Breckinridge as *the* man to unite the South, and actually invite the friends of Sam Houston to desert the Old Hero and vote for the Squatter Sovereignty candidate, that their Baltimore Jockeys placed astride Houston's anti-Squatter Sovereignty horse. Do they think the people of Texas, or the South, are gudgeons, to be caught in their slave trade, disunion net, spread out by Wm. L. Yancey?

Do they think they can pull the wool so completely over the eyes of any friend of Sam Houston, as to obtain his support for Breckinridge? Will they first enlighten us as to how and when Mr. Breckinridge changed his sentiments? Can they produce a line or a declaration from him showing a change? They sought to get up an anti-Squatter Sovereignty platform at Charleston—they got the seceders to adopt it and make it the *pretense* of bolting, both at Charleston and Baltimore. Now we have always charged that these bolters were *not* sincere; that they had only two motives, one class were willing to sell themselves for office, and the other wanted to sell the Union for the chance of plunder.

To prove they cared nothing for principle, we charge that they nominated a known Squatter Sovereignty candidate on an anti-Squatter Sovereignty platform. To prove it, we place their platform and Mr. Breckinridge's in juxtaposition.

Bolter's Platform.	*Breckinridge's platform.*
Resolved, That neither Congress nor a Territorial Legislature, whether by direct legislation or legislation of an indirect and unfriendly character, possesses the power to annul or impair the constitutional right of any citizen of the United States to take his slave property into the common Territories, and there hold and enjoy the same while the Territorial condition remains.	I AM CONNECTED WITH NO PARTY THAT HAS FOR ITS OBJECT THE EXTENSION OF SLAVERY, nor with any to *prevent the people of a State or Territory from deciding the question of its existence or non-existence with THEM for themselves.*—*Breckinridge's Speech*, 1856.

Now, gentlemen, explain yourselves. We convict you of insincerity—of outrageous duplicity—of an attempt to deceive and humbug the people. It is a part of your game, the means by which you have hitherto succeeded.

You knew that Breckinridge was the friend and follower of Stephen A. Douglas, that he voluntarily went over to Illinois, and helped Douglas to fight the Administration on the Squatter Sovereignty platform, which was the split between Douglas and the South; you knew that Douglas but little more than a month ago was willing to withdraw his name and take Breckinridge on his Squatter Sovereignty platform; you knew that Breckinridge was a candidate before the Charleston Convention on that platform after the bolters left the Convention, and that he only withdrew because he would not longer consent to run against his friend Mr. Douglas; you also knew that it was necessary to take Breckinridge, with his equivocal record, or some similar man, in order to get a corporal's guard from the Border Slave States and the Northern States to go out of the Baltimore Convention and unite in your Southern Sectional Convention, and thus make your conduct appear respectable. You knew that the whole affair was gotten up to force a compromise by which your old hacks could get again at the spoils, or, in the event of a failure, your Yanceys could dissolve the Union. Many of you, following the example of the Galveston News, have repeatedly denounced Breckinridge as leaning to Free Soil and Abolition sentiments. He has never withdrawn a word or a syllable uttered against the extension of slavery. He says he don't *belong to a party which desired to extend slavery.* He has never withdrawn or modified that statement. Are you opposed also to the extension of slavery? Have you changed front since you accused Breckinridge of Abolitionism, yea, since the Charleston Convention? Are *you* now sound on the goose? *Adorable* leaders, *honest* defenders of Southern institutions, *immaculate* editors!—Of course, the people believe every word you utter—of course, they will do just as you say!

The Disunion Scheme.

Mr. Yancey, the great leader of the Breckinridge bolting Democracy, was and probably is chief of 'The league of United Southerners,' an association in the South—'the cotton States.' The object of that association, as declared by Mr. Yancey, is to *'fire the Southern heart, instruct the Southern mind, give courage to each other, and at the proper time, by one organized, concerted action, we can precipitate the cotton States into a revolution.'* Having taken his means to prepare the South for the crisis, Mr. Yancey set to work to bring about the crisis, by breaking up the Democratic party with the design of electing a Black Republican to the Presidency. After that the 'revolution.' If any Democrats are disposed to set down all this as 'an invention of the enemy,' we have only to refer them to the Democratic organs, little and big, the Democratic delegates, and the Democratic orators, who expounded Democracy to the faithful after the row at Charleston.—*Fayetteville Observer.*

North and South.

Is there any difference as to the rights of the North, or South, or East, or West, under the Constitution? If there is, we have been unable to detect that difference. In our humble opinion much unnecessary contention has been aroused in reference to the *rights* of the sections, whether it be Northern or Southern.—For ourselves, we have been unable to discover that either of the great sections of the country, whether Northern, Southern, Eastern or Western, has any rights not common to all.

Unscrupulous politicians and demagogues endeavor, and sometimes successfully, to impress the people with the idea that one section is imposed upon by the other, when such is not the fact. The compact and the guarantees of the Constitution sufficiently protect the South against the oppressions of the North, provided the South will assert and maintain those rights. The North is not the country—the South is not the country—the East is not the country—the West is not the country—and the peculiar policy which would suit either one would not, perhaps, suit either. But the *country* includes each and all—patriots having at heart the good of all, and of all sections, know no North, no South, no East and no West, but labor honestly to promote the interests of each, in the hope and belief that it will be profitable and beneficial to all.

This sectional warfare must be put down—must be crushed out—and it can only be done by the fusion of all parties opposed to purely sectional issues. The numbers of such, if they *will* fuse or combine, are sufficient to effect this reform. Northern Abolitionists and Southern Disunionists must be killed off, and a healthier sentiment cultivated among the people. It must be done by those who feel that no one section has rights or privileges above another—and that, consequently, Squatter Sovereignty on the one hand, and its antagonistic principle, a Congressional Slave Code, are impracticable and unnecessary, provided all Constitutional compacts are complied with.

These can only be complied with by turning a deaf ear to the clamors of the sections. These, as represented by Breckinridge on the one hand, and by Lincoln on the other, must be *repudiated* by the people in the coming election. Let the people come up to the work.—Let *them* put *their* shoulders to the wheel and the work is done. Breckinridge *cannot* be elected, neither can Douglas! LINCOLN MAY! In the present condition of political affairs, all close observers know this to be true. Politicians *must know*, from the signs of the times, that the contest really lies between Lincoln and BELL; and if the people took and read the papers, and would listen less to mere politicians, who are *interested in the loaves and fishes*, they would know it also. Let there, then, be no discussion between the North and South as to their rights, but let each ask what is good for the country, *as a whole*, and act accordingly, and all will be right and satisfactory. The Constitutional Union party present the only true party, the only National candidates, and should be cordially supported by all men in favor of the Union and opposed to sectionalism.

National American.

Hon. Edward M. Yerger, of Mississippi who, last December, allied himself with the Democratic party, has recently declared for Bell and Everett. In a letter dated the 24th ult., he says:

"Without attempting to discuss the professed principles of either party in the field, it seems to me that the only questions a patriot should now ask, ought to be: How can we save the Union? How can we crush the Black Republicans?

"Whatever party we may heretofore have acted with, we of the South are for the rights of the South, and it becomes us as a great intelligent people to put an end to the reign of party tyranny. It has nearly proved fatal to our country. Individual independence is now necessary to preserve it.

'Without doubting the devotion of any party in Mississippi to the interests of the South, it cannot, I think, be successfully denied that the Democracy have failed as a national party to secure that which was the very germ of the dissolution.

'These opinions are now held, within my own knowledge, by some of the most distinguished supporters of Mr. Breckinridge in Mississippi, who have, furthermore, patriotically declared their willingness to support Mr. Bell, should it indeed appear that he is the strongest candidate in the field. The recent elections, I think, have clearly proved this to be a fact, and it is not too much to hope that the patriotism of these gentlemen will soon show itself by an open declaration for Mr. Bell.

'In this contest I am for crushing the Republican party, rather than the elevation of any other, and shall therefore cast my vote for Bell and Everett, in my judgment the strongest National candidates in the field.'

Wil., Char. & Ruth. Railroad.

We learn that it is expected that the Western Division of this Road will be completed to Lincolnton by the 1st of January. It is now finished to the Catawba River, some 12 miles from Charlotte.

On the Eastern Division, by the 1st of October the Road will be completed to Lumberton, Robeson county, about 75 miles from Wilmington. As soon as the work is finished to Lumberton, the citizens of Robeson intend having a grand Barbecue and Ball. A correspondent of the Fayetteville Courier says that "the road, so far as completed, is one of the best laid tracks in the State. It appears to be perfectly solid and level, and is an air line for 95 miles.

Charlotte Democrat.

IREDELL EXPRESS

EUGENE B. DRAKE & SON,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

STATESVILLE,

FRIDAY, : : : SEPTEMBER 28, 1860.

Our Terms.

THE "IREDELL EXPRESS" is published upon the following Terms, from which there will be no deviation. Subscribers therefore will govern themselves accordingly

1 copy one year, if paid in advance,	$2 00;
If paid within 3 months,	2 25;
If paid within 6 months,	2 50;
If not paid till the end of the subscription year,	3 00.

Nominees of the Union Convention!

For President:

HON. JOHN BELL,

OF TENNESSEE.

For Vice-President:

EDWARD EVERETT,

OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Electors for President & Vice-President.

For the State at Large:

Hon. Geo. E. Badger, of Wake.
Dr. R. K. Speed, of Pasquotank.

Districts:

1 Dist. J. W. Hinton, of Pasquotank.
2 do Chas. C. Clark, of Craven.
3 do O. H. Dockery, of Richmond.
4 do L. C. Edwards, of Granville.
5 do Alfred G. Foster, of Randolph.
6 do Henry Walser, of Davidson.
7 do Wm. P. Bynum, of Lincoln.
8 do Robt. M. Henry, of Macon.

FOURTH VOLUME.

THE "IREDELL EXPRESS"

Will enter upon the Fourth Volume on the 7th December next. For three years have we toiled to make the "EXPRESS" an interesting vehicle of intelligence and recreation to its many readers, how well we have succeeded remains for its patrons to judge.—While many Journals have started into existence in various portions of the country, maintained a feeble existence for a season, and went out, the **"Express"** has been regular in its appearance each week and greeted our patrons with its sunny countenance. That we have fell short of our duties in some respects, would not be truthful to deny, but in the main, we have fulfilled all that was promised by us in our first issue, three years ago. Having grown older in years, and added to our philosophy by experience, we will be more successful in pursuing the even tenor of our way in future, and indulge the belief that, by renewed dilligence our efforts to publish an entertaining Journal—such an one as will be a welcome visitor to every household—will be crowned with success.

The Express will ever continue an advocate of the best interests of the State, and of the

Union of the States,

so long as the Rights of all the States is regarded by the General Government, during our control of its collumns.

LITERATURE, POLITICS, and Miscellaneous reading, will appear each week in our pages as hitherto. The

Job Office

attached to our establishment has been replenished, recently, with new Materials, and in completeness is second to none in the State for turning out any description of Printing.

The price of the Paper as heretofore will be, $2 a year in advance.

We would say a word to our friends everywhere: Liberal patronage is essential to keep alive and make flourish a Newspaper, and prompt paying subscribers is the next pre requisite to the successful prosecution of the business of a publisher. We feel that our subscription list should be larger than it is, and we know that our friends could aid us to make it so, if occasionally they would make an appeal to their neighbors in our behalf.—Try it and see if it will not. If you like our paper well enough to subscribe and pay for it yourselves, you cannot hesitate to recommend it to your friends, and ask them to subscribe for it, and in most cases they will accede to your request—and then perhaps bless you for the word. Having our capital and our time embarked in the business, we are anxious to make it pay an adequate compensation for the confinement and pains taking which is indispensible to devote to the business. We have no time to attend to any other pursuit while we follow this, therefore can have no other dependence. We ask not something for nothing. We are willing to give our labor for what it is worth, and we are willing to labor for those who will employ us. It is by honest labor that we ever expect to obtain a livelihood, and would scorn to breathe existence in any other way.

☞ WILSON W. WHITAKER, Esq., Secretary, will accept of thanks for a complimentary ticket to the privileges of the Society at the State Fair.

Important Sale.

Read the advertisement of Thos. C. Graham, Rowan Mills, who will sell out the entire outfit and produce of his extensive farm, 24th October.

☞ We are indebted to Messrs. Winston, Morrison & Co., Commission Merchants, N. Orleans, for the Annual Statement of the N. O. Price Current, from which we shall furnish some extracts hereafter.

Good News from Granville.

A friend writes from Granville county as follows:

"I am glad to inform you that the Granville people are going ahead for BELL and EVERETT. It is to the true, patriot-heart like oil to the troubled waters, to see how they are hoisting Bell and Everett flags. Quite every little village has a Union banner.

I made a visit to Clarkesville, Va., recently, and the first object I saw was a Bell and Everett flag, a hundred feet high, kissing the breeze at the head of Roanoke River—ominous of the result of the November Election. I wish I had a large number of issues of the Iredell Express to distribute among my reckless Democratic friends, I think it would be good medicine for their sin sick souls. I understand that the Democratic Senator from Granville said the other day, that the Democracy were going to get just what they deserve, and you can guess readily what he meant. W. H. D.

Rt. Rev. Bishop Atkinson.

This eminent Divine, preached in the Methodist Church, in this place, on Thursday evening last, to a large and appreciative audience.

The discourse was characterised by profound thought and heart-felt piety, which seemed to touch every bosom present in response to the feelings of the speaker. The sermons of Bishop Atkinson are always interesting, but this one was unusually so. Even the frivolous, and very young persons, lent their undivided attention as is rarely their wont to do, and appeared to regret when the words of wisdom and piety were brought to a close, at rather a late hour. One person received the rite of confirmation. The friends of the Bishop will be pleased to learn that he was in good health.

Great Sewing Machine Case Decided.

Justice Nelson, of New York, has decided the great Sewing Machine case, in favor of the GROVER & BAKER Sewing Machine Company. This decision secures to them and their agents the exclusive right to sell Sewing Machines constructed upon the principle of their patent—very important information to those wanting to purchase a Sewing machine, to know who to buy of. The Grover & Baker Sewing machine is considered to be the best in use, and these machines are sold much lower than many other manufacturers charge.

Beware of Lottery Swindlers.

We received last week no less than three letters in one mail, from a Lottery establishment, marked "confidential," inviting us to send $20 for a package of tickets, which we were assured would draw a prize. We shall do no such thing, for two reasons; we prefer to labor for a living to gambling for it, if we were certain of winning; and finally, not one ticket in a thousand takes a prize in any lottery, and the guarantee of the ticket-vender is not worth the paper upon which this article is written.

Similar letters, no doubt, have been addressed to many others—let them not be deceived and swindled of their money.

More Help.

The Washington, N. C., *Dispatch*, for a long time one of the most able and best conducted Journals in the State, has pronounced for BELL and EVERETT. Mr. Richard Granger has associated Dr. J. W. WOOLLEN, in the editorial conduct of the Dispatch. The following is extracted from Dr. Woollen's Salutatory:

"In assuming the position assigned me by the above card, I deem it necessary simply to add a few words by way of introduction.—I accept the position with the sole view of advocating, with what ability I may possess, the principles of what I conceive to be, the *only truly National Union party in the country.* I shall, therefore, support the claims of JOHN BELL, of Tennessee, and EDWARD EVERETT, of Massachusetts, to the highest offices in the gift of the American people, not only because they are the nominees of the Constitutional Union party, but because I see in them the embodiment of whatever is wise in counsel, moderate and conservative in policy, sound in statesmanship, and elevated in patriotism. I shall, therefore, gladly fight under that glorious banner, *"The Union, the Constitution, and the Enforcement of the Laws."*

The National American,

Published at Atlanta, Ga., by Col. C. R Hanleiter, is one among the best and most able journals which is being published in the country, south or north. It is a warm supporter of Bell and Everett, and conservative generally. Its literary articles, original and selected, are always chaste and many sparkling gems of cultivated minds appear regularly in its columns, indicating the pure and exquisite literary taste of the Editor.

The American is issued Daily and Weekly, at $6 and $2, payable in advance.

Pennings and Clippings.

...Mr. Pennington, editor of the Newbern *Progress*, has taken the stump for Douglas. He has several appointments in Craven and Jones counties. Go it, Pennington, we admire your pluck; you wield a trenchant pen, and, we doubt not, you will prove quite as able on the rostrum. The times are getting to be quite exciting.

...The September number of the *University Magazine* has been kindly furnished us by the Editors. Besides the Address of John Pool, Esq., delivered before the Societies last summer, which is an able effort of that distinguished gentleman, the Magazine is replete with a number of other interesting effusions. A portrait of "Cousin" Joe Lane, and a short biography of his life, which have a place in the work, will prove of interest to his friends.

...The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of the United States has elected Col. Boyleston, of South Carolina, Grand Sire.

...Mr. Shaw, the inventor of percussion caps, died at Bordentown, N. J., last week, having attained the age of eighty-six years. He was born in England. He has achieved considerable eminence as an artist. A few years ago our government granted him quite a large sum for his invention for loading guns.

...Commander Maury announces the discovery of a new Planet, at Washington Observatory, on Saturday night. Its right ascension is 23 deg. 41 minutes; its declination 3 deg. 23 minutes, South.

...Fred Foard, who was a member of the Freshman class at the University last session, and who killed Nathaniel Watson, Esq., sometime during the spring, was tried for murder last week, during Orange Court, and was acquitted.

...The Oxford *Leisure Hour* says: Joseph H. Crenshaw, who shot John O. Askew, in Richmond, Va., last week, was refused bail by Judge Lyons, and has been committed to jail. The case is creating much excitement in Richmond. The prisoner is a man of high character and standing and much sympathy is felt for him.

...There was a furious gale on Saturday in the Gulf of Mexico, involving a great destruction of property. Nearly every house in Balize was carried away, and several lives were lost. Milneburgh, the terminus of the Pontchartrain Railroad, is submerged, and the wharves damaged. It is reported that all the wharves and bath houses on the Lake shore between New Orleans and Mobile have been swept away. The town of Biloxi, Miss., is in ruins. At Mobile the storm was severely felt. All the wharves in the lower part of the city were submerged during the gale, and several steamboats blown ashore. The loss by fire and storm was $500,000.

...The next session of the Baptist State Convention of North Carolina will be held in Goldsboro', commencing the Wednesday before the 1st Sunday in November, which will be the 31st day of October next.

Hon. J. M. Leach's Appointments.

LEXINGTON, Sept. 20th, 1860.

Messrs. Editors: Having received many letters, from a number of Counties, requesting and urging me, to address the people at various places, upon the exciting political issues of the Country, and the threatening aspect of our public affairs. While I do not feel at liberty to decline, yet it would be impossible for me to speak at half the places suggested before the Presidential election, to say nothing of conflicting time, at many of the places proposed by those friends. I must, therefore, beg you to announce through the columns of your paper the following appointments,—which announcement will effect, I hope, the two-fold purpose, of giving greater publicity to them; and at the same time, obviate the necessity of replies to all the letters received, as well as to those that may come to hand on this subject.

It is due to courtesy and will afford me pleasure to allow, any gentleman who may be present at any of those appointments, differing with me politically, a full and fair hearing. Very Respectfully, &c.

J. M. LEACH.

Mocksville, Davie, (Court-week) Tuesday, Sept. 25th.
Olin, Iredell, Thursday, Sept. 27th.
Liberty Hill, Friday, Sept. 28th.
Taylor's Springs, Saturday, Sept. 29th.
Taylorsville, Alexander, (court-week) Monday, Oct. 1st.
Lexington, Davidson, (court-week) Tuesday, Oct. 2d.
Mt. Mourne, Iredell, Saturday, Oct. 6th.
Statesville, (court-week) Monday, Oct 8th.
Winston, Forsyth, (court-week.)
Danbury, Stokes, (court-week) Tuesday, Oct 16th.
Mt Airy, Surry, Thursday, Oct 18th.
East Bend, Yadkin, Friday, Oct 19th.
Hamptonville, Saturday, Oct 20.
Alleghany C. H., Alleghany, Monday, Oct 22d.
——, Ashe, Thursday, Oct 25th.
North Fork, Friday, Oct 26th.
Jefferson, Saturday, Oct 27th.
Francisco, Stokes, Monday, Oct 29th.
Wentworth, Rockingham, (court-week) Tuesday, Oct 30th.
Walnut Cove, Stokes, Thursday, Nov 1st.
Kernersville, Friday, Nov 2d.
Thomasville, Davidson, Saturday, Nov 3d.
Lexington, Monday, Nov 5th.

Late Foreign News.

A whole brigade has deserted to Garibaldi at Cardinale, a Neapolitan town in the Province of Calabria Ultra II.

King Victor Emanuel will not allow Gen. Lamorcierie, the papal Commander to pass the Roman frontier.

A dispatch from Turin announces that three corps de armes are about to be placed on war footing.

The Southern Railway (in France) has been ordered to make preparations for an extraordinary transport of troops.

It is believed that the King of Naples will seek refuge in Austria, instead of Spain. This information is considered reliable, but is not confirmed by any official intimation.

The British Government received a dispatch on the 8th inst., that Garibaldi had entered Naples on the 7th in triumph.

European Intelligence.

The King of Naples had left his capital on the 6th, taking passage in a Spanish vessel for Gaeta.

Garibaldi was at Cans, twenty miles from Naples, on the 6th, and was expected to reach that city on the 7th. His advanced guard reached Salerno on the 6th. Naples continued tranquil.

The English harvest was satisfactorily progressing.

There was an insurrectionary movement in Roman territory. The insurgents defeated the Papal troops at Pesara.

It was rumored that Count Cavour (Victor Emannel's Minister of State) had sent a note to Rome, that Piedmont would occupy the marches when the Pontifical troops crossed the Roman frontier.

A battle was imminent between Garibaldi and the royalists.

Gen. Wm. Walker to be Shot.

By an arrival at New Orleans from Honduras, news has been received that the British war steamer Icarus, with a transport and troops, under command of Alvarez, proceeded to Rio Negro, where Walker's army were encamped. The boats of the Icarus proceeded up the river, and captured Walker with seventy of his men, all of whom were taken to Truxillo and delivered to the authorities of Honduras.

Walker's men were very destitute, and many of them being sick were permitted to return to the United States, on the condition of never engaging again in an expedition against Central America.

General Walker and Col. Kudder are to be shot.

The Guatamala expedition arrived from Omoa shortly after the capture of the fillibusters.

EX. COMMITTEE ROOMS,
Raleigh, Sept. 15th, 1860.

There will be a STATE MASS MEETING of the friends of BELL AND EVERETT, and of the UNION, at the Town of Salisbury, on the 11th and 12th of October next. Every County in the State is desired and expected to send Delegates.

The UNION MEN of Rowan, through the Executive Committee, extend a cordial invitation to UNION MEN EVERYWHERE to be with them on that occasion.

SION H. ROGERS, Ch'n.

Joshua R. Giddings Expresses a "Preference" for Breckinridge!

We wish the Breckinridgers of the South and of the North joy! The Hon. Joshua R. Giddings of Ohio, expresses a "preference" for their candidate! They must feel greatly comforted and complimented by the good opinion and sympathy of so notable a friend of the South! They have all heard of Joshua, we take it, and must read the following, which are his exact words as recently delivered, with very peculiar emotion:

"As regards the two Democratic candidates, I prefer Breckinridge, because he is not as much committed to slavery as Douglas is. Douglas is a *slaveholder*, and Breckinridge is not, and therefore *I prefer him!*

State Educational Association of North Carolina.

The next Annual Meeting of this Association will be held in Wilmington, the session beginning at 7 o'clock, p. m, on Tuesday the 13th of November.

As usual, the delegates will be passed over the various Railroads of the State for half fare, and will be hospitably entertained at the place of meeting.

The committee authorised to determine the time and place of meeting, have felt bound to call the next session as far South as the facilities for railroad travel would permit; and this consideration, and the excitement preceding the Presidential election, are the reasons for fixing the time so late in the year.

C H WILEY, Sup. Com. Sch'ls of N C.
J D CAMPBELL, Recording Sec'y.
C C COLE, Corresponding Sec'y.

Let to Contract.

We learn that at a meeting of the Directors of the Lonisville, Cincinnati and Charleston Rail Road, held at Morristown, Tenn., the Road was let to contract from Morristown to the North Carolina line at Paint Rock. Messrs. J. W. and J. E. Patton and N. W. Woodfin are the contractors. The contract amounts to $680,000. They will begin work by 1st January next, and are bound to complete it by 1st January, 1863. They have sub-let a large portion of it, including the masonry and bridges. The Company have the entire fund necessary to complete the work secured, and have already advanced $100,000 on the contract. The contractors are too well known to render it necessary that we say the work will be done within the time prescribed. That is a foregone conclusion—a fixed fact. This contract brings the Road within 43 miles of Asheville.—[Asheville News.]

Nail the Liar to the Counter!

The Richmond *Enquirer* states that Mr. Bell dodged the bill for the abolition of the slave trade in the District of Columbia, and failed to vote on it. The small speakers of the Breckinridge Yancey Secession party charge that he did vote, but voted with the Abolitionists. The bill was for the "suppression of the slave-trade in the District of Columbia, and Mr. Bell recorded his vote *against it*, as the record shows:

[See Cong. Globe, vol. 21st, page 1830.]

YEAS.—Baldwin, Benton, Bright, Cass, Chase, Clarke, Clay, Cooper, Davis of Mass., Dayton, Dickinson, Dodge, of Wisconsin, Dodge, of Iowa, Douglas, Ewing, Felch, Fremont, Green, Gwinn, Hale, Hamlin, Houston, Jones, Norris, Seward, Shields, Spruance, Sturgeon Underwood, Wales, Walker, Whitcomb, and Winthrop—33.

NAYS.—Atchison, Badger, Barnwell, Bell, Berrien, Butler, Davis, of Miss., Dawson, Downs, Hunter, King, Mangum, Mason, Morton, Pratt, Sebastian, Soule, Turney, and Yulee—19.

Thus, you lying rascals, the records prove Bell to have been amongst the *nays;* but your Bright, Cass, Dickinson, Green, and Gwinn, bright and shining lights in the Breckinridge Disunion crusade, voted as you falsely charge Bell with voting. If you doubt our veracity, turn to the Congressional Globe, and see the record.—*Brownlow's Knoxville Whig.*

A Grand Mass Meeting

of the Citizens of IREDELL and adjoining Counties is desired at

"STOCKTON'S CORNER"

from day to day to examine his Stock of

NEW GOODS

for the

FALL AND WINTER

just received. The especial attention of the LADIES is called to his

Dress Goods,

consisting of SILKS, black & colored French MERINOS, Black and Colored (all wool) DELANES, BOMBAZINE, CASHMERES, POPLINS, DEBEGIS, &c; also,

Cloaks, Shawls, Embroideries and Bonnets.

All of which were selected with great care in reference to *Fashion, Beauty, Quality and Price.*

To Gentlemen wishing to purchase

CLOTHING

he will be pleased to show his Stock of Over-*Coats, Dress and Business Coats, Vests, Pants, Shawls and Blankets* of the very best make and material that can be found in this market for the price.

The Public generally is invited to examine his new supply of

DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HARDWARE, Crockery,
BRUGS & PAINTS,
GROCERIES, &c.

Goods and prices will be shown with pleasure to all who may favor him with a Call. For

CASH or BARTER

he will sell as CHEAP as the cheapest or to punctual Customers on time.

43tf J. W. STOCKTON.

Wanted.

100,000 lb of Dried Apples and Peaches.
10,000 lb Beeswax wanted at the highest market price, for which payment will be paid in Goods or Cash prices.

Sept. 28, '60 J. W. STOCKTON.

Atlantic, Tennessee and Ohio Railroad.

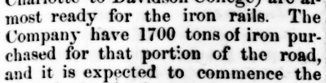
We are informed by Gen. A. E. Jackson, President of this Company, that twenty two miles of this Road (from Charlotte to Davidson College) are almost ready for the iron rails. The Company have 1700 tons of iron purchased for that portion of the road, and it is expected to commence the track laying in the month of October, with the confident hope of having that division of the road complete early in the next year—by the 1st of July at farthest. The road will soon be located to Taylorsville, N. C., which is within one hundred miles of Jonesborough, Tenn. It is the purpose of the company to push the road through to its destination in this State, as fast as the means can be obtained for its construction."—[Jonesborough, Tenn. Express.]

What Senator Wilson Thinks of John Bell.

One of the Republican Clubs held a meeting in Boston last week, for the special purpose of hearing Wilson, the Black Repuplican Senator from Massachusetts, deliver a speech, the subject of which was the Union party. In the course of his remarks, Mr. Wilson frequently spoke of it as being in the "slave interests," and among others used the following expressions:

"Mr. Wilson argued that the Whig party had always been, to all intents and purposes, in the interest of the slave power, and that John Bell had been foremost in every measure which tended to the agrandizement of the South and her institutions. His speech was quite lengthy."

John Bell had been "foremost in every measure which tended to the aggrandizement of the South and her institutions." And yet some Southern newspapers and stump-tail orators charge John Bell with entertaining views hostile to slavery. It is just that sort of spirit which has produced the present crisis.—[Wilmington Herald.]



GRAND SERIES
OF
Mass Meetings,
FOR
BELL AND EVERETT!

The whole body of the People, of all parties, are cordially invited to attend a Grand Series of Mass Meetings of the

Constitutional Union Party,

at the following times and places:

STATESVILLE, 16th October.

TAYLORSVILLE, Alexander county, Wednesday, 17th October.

WILKESBORO', Wilkes, Thursday, 18th Oct.

JEFFERSON, Ashe, Saturday, 20th Oct.

The following distinguished gentlemen have been invited and it is anticipated that they will be present to address the assembled thousands at each place:

Hon. T. A. R. Nelson, of Jonesboro', Tenn.
" Jno M. Morehead, Greensboro', N. C
" Wm. A. Graham, Hillsboro', "
" J. M. Leach, Lexington, "
" Jno A. Gilmer, Greensboro', "
" Z. B. Vance, Asheville, "
" B. S. Gaither, Morganton, "
" Tod R. Caldwell, " "
Dr. R. K. Speed, Pasquotank, "
Hon. Geo. E. Badger, Raleigh, "
" Sion H. Rodgers, " "
" John A. Long, "
F. E. Shober, Esq., Salisbury,
Hamilton Jones, " "
Hon. John Pool, Pasquotank, "
Dr. J. G. Ramsey, Salisbury, "
And others.

Grand Torch-Light Processions will come off at Wilkesboro' and Jefferson on the occasion.

Markets

Statesville Market—Sept. 28, 1860.
Corrected weekly by
JAMISON, SIMONTON & CO.

Bacon	10	@12	Feathers	35	@40
Beef	0 4½	@5½	Flour	5 00	@5 50
Beeswax	0 25	@30	Flaxseed	1 00	
Butter	0 15	@18	Hides, dry		0 15
Coffee	0 16	@20	Green		0 06
Candles,			Lard	0 11	@12
Tallow		0 20	Linseed	1 30	@35
Adamantine	0 30	@35	Molasses	0 40	@65
Corn	0 75	@80	Nails	0 06	@07
Chickens	0 10	@12	Peas	0 65	@75
Dried Apples,			Rags	0 03	
peeled		0 2½	Rice	0 06	
Dried Peaches,			Salt	2 00	@2 50
peeled		0 10	Sugar	0 10	@12
unpeeled		0 03½	Loaf	0 16	@18
Eggs, doz	0 8	10	Tallow	0 10	@12
			Wheat	1 10	@1 25

A BOOK BINDERY
IN
SALISBURY.

W. R. DICKS, WOULD RESPECTfully inform the Citizens of Salisbury and the surrounding Country, that he has opened a **Book Bindery** in the Town of Salisbury. He solicits a share of patronage, confident that he will be able to merit it by his attention to business, and by the style and prices of his work.

Every Possible kind of Binding,

Including Books, Periodicals, Pamphlets, Music, Blank Books, Newspapers, &c. &c.

☞ Office over the Post Office.

Agents at Statesville, E. B. Drake & Son.
September 28, 1860. 43-6m.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

ON the Western edge of Town and outside the corporation, therefore not subject to much tax. The lot contains 2 acres, half in cultivation, half in woods, with a small frame **Dwelling**. The property would suit a mechanic or other person desiring to live economically. For particulars, apply to J. H. KENNEDY or the
Sept 28, tf Editors of this Paper.

HYMENEAL.

MARRIED,

In Wilkesboro', on the 19th instant, by the Rev. S. B. O. Wilson, Rev. J. D. Wilson and Miss M. Eva Bouchelle.

ATTENTION BLUES!

YOU are hereby commanded to appear at your Armory, on **Saturday, 6th October,** at 11 O'clock, armed and equipped in Winter Uniform. By Order of
A. K. SIMONTON, Capt.
R. F. Simonton, O. S.

IMPORTANT SALE!

THE Subscriber having determined to move to the South-west, will proceed to sell without reserve at Public Auction, at his residence near Rowan Mills, on **Wednesday 24th of October,** the following valuable property, viz:

5 Head well broke Mules, 2 ditto Horses, 25 Head of Cattle, (amongst which are some No 1 Milch Cows) 35 Head fatted Hogs, a good lot of Stock Hogs, Stock of Sheep, all kinds of Poultry,

Three Valuable WAGONS and Gearing, 1 Extra Fine ROCKAWAY and Double Harness, 1 Buggy and Harness, a great variety of Farming Tools, (good and new) 1 full sett of Blacksmith Tools, Carpenter's Tools, 4 first-rate Guns, 1000 or 1200 bushels CORN, a quantity of

Wheat, Oats, Hay, Fodder,

Wheat Straw, a lot of Walnut Plank, all my Household and Kitchen

Furniture,

1 Share of Stock in the Western N. C. Rail Road, with various other articles too numerous to designate.

At the same time and place, I will sell at public auction my

VALUABLE LANDS

lying immediately on Third Creek; my home place contains 500 ACRES handsomely and conveniently improved, with a good proportion of cleared and well DRAINED BOTTOM LAND. The mansion is elegantly situated, good Spring Water, and very healthy.

The other tract contains 257 ACRES and is unsurpassed by any Lands in Western N. Carolina.

In short the sale will be positive, and a reasonable credit. Further conditions made known on the day of Sale.

THOMAS C. GRAHAM.
Rowan Mills, Sept. 28, '60. tds43

WORTH & DANIEL,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
GROCERS,
AND
Commission Merchants,

No. 2 GRANITE ROW, FRONT ST.,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF GROCEries, Provisions, Fruit, Liquors, Wines, Cigars, and Tobacco.

Solicit consignments of Flour, Dried Fruit, Feathers, Bees Wax, Tobacco, and Country Produce generally. Agents for Howe's celebrated Scales.

D. G. WORTH, N. G. DANIEL.
For the past 7 years with
Late of Asheboro', N. C. TC & B G WORTH.
September 21, 1860. 42-1y.

Cochrane & Sample

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, GUNS, CUTLERY, &C.,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.,
At the Sign of the Golden Pad-Lock,

WOULD respectfully invite the public to call and examine their Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Orders solicited and promptly attended to. CALL and see us.

COCHRANE & SAMPLE.
September 21, '60 42

Tools! Tools! Tools!

At the Sign of the Golden Pad-Lock.

A GOOD supply of Tools, consisting of Circular, Mill, Cross-cut Tenon, Hand, Ripper, Back and Compass Saws; Bench and Moulding Planes; Lathing, Shingling, and broad Hatchets; Hammers; bevel and steel

Squares; Drawing Knives;

Braces and Bits; Augers; Gimlets; Chissels; Brick and Plastering Trowels; Screw-Plates; Saw Sets; Spoke-Shaves; Files; Rasps; Pocket Rules; Guage Rods; spirit and pocket Levels; Boring Machines, &c.

COCHRANE & SAMPLE.
Charlotte, N. C.

Blacksmith's Tools,

At the Sign of the Golden Pad-Lock.

A GOOD supply, consisting of Anvils; Bellows; Solid Box Vices; hand and sledge

Hammers; Stocks and Dies;

Tongs, Buttresses, Rasps, Files, and a good supply of Horse Nails, Horse and Mule Shoes, at low prices.

COCHRANE & SAMPLE.

Agricultural Implements,

At the Sign of the Golden Pad-Lock.

A LARGE supply of the above, consisting Thompson's celebrated Ploughs: also, CORN-SHELLERS; STRAW-CUTters; Shovels; Spades; Hay and manure Forks; best cast-steel Axes; Picks, Mattocks, Grubbing Hoes, Weeding Hoes, Trace Chains Wagon Chains, Garden Hoes, Rakes, Hedge Shears, Pruning and Budding Knives, &c.

COCHRANE & SAMPLE.

Carriage Materials,

At the Sign of the Golden Pad-Lock.

A LARGE Stock of the above, consisting of Springs, Axles, Oval Iron, Hubs, Bows Rims, Buggy Poles, Buggy Shafts, Spokes,

Patent and Enamelled Leather,

Enamelled Cloth, Oil Carpet, Carriage Bolts, Brass and Silver Bands, Silver Moulding Laces, Tassels, Turned Sticks, Saddle and Lining Nails, &c., &c.

COCHRANE & SAMPLE.

AT the Sign of the GOLDEN PAD-LOCK will be found at all times a large and well selected STOCK of GUNS, PISTOLS, POWDER-HORNS, Powder-Flasks, Powder, Shot, Lead; French and American Window-Glass; Putty; a large stock of English and American Iron; Cast Steel, German steel, Blister steel, Plough steel Spring steel; Nails of all kinds; Hemp and Manilla Rope;

Anchor Brand Bolting Cloths;

Mill Screws; Mill Picks; Spike Hammers, Stone Hammers, Double and Single Blocks; also, a large Stock of Cornices, Curtain Bands, Curtain Pins, Picture Cord and Tassels, &c.

COCHRANE & SAMPLE.

Superior Smut Machines,

at the Sign of the Golden Pad-Lock.

COCHRANE & SAMPLE.
Charlotte, N. C.

A NEW BOOK.

Drift-wood on the Sea of LIFE.

A collection of Tales, Sketches & Poems,

BY WILLIE WARE.

WILL be published in a few weeks. Any assistance you may be pleased to render, by sending your own name, or that of a friend, or friends, as subscribers to the Work, will be gratefully acknowledged. The Work will be mailed to subscribers as soon as published

Orders for single copies should be addressed to the author, accompanied with the cash; wholesale orders to the publishers. Address

WILLIE WARE,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Price of Book, $1. J. Challen & Son, publishers, Philadelphia, Penn. sep 21

LARGE SHOW BILLS.

The Express Job-Office,

Is prepared with an assortment of

LARGE TYPE

for printing

Hand Bills

for

MERCHANTS

and

EXHIBITIONS,

in the best style

UPON COLORED AND WHITE PAPER.

*** *BILLS will be printed from 2 feet to 10 feet square if they are wanted.*

State of North Carolina,

IREDELL County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions. August Term, 1860.

J. M. Lippard, Executor of William Lippard, dec'd vs W. J. Lippard & others. } Petition for Settlement of Estate

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Caleb T. Seaford and Elizabeth Seaford, his wife, defendants in this case, reside beyond the limits of this State: It is therefore, ordered and decreed by the Court that publication be made in the Iredell Express, a newspaper published in the town of Statesville, for the space of six weeks, notifying the said defendants to be and appear before the Justices of our next Court to be held for the county of Iredell, at the Court-House in Statesville on the 3rd Monday in November next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to plaintiff's petition in our said Court filed, or it will be heard exparte and the prayer of the petitioner will be granted.

Witness M. F. Freeland, Clerk of our said Court at office in Statesville, the 3d Monday in August, A. D. 1860.

42:6w prfee $6 M. F. FREELAND, Clk.

THOMAS MACKENZIE, Geo. M. MACKENZIE. *Established IN 1825.* COSMO T. MACKENZIE. COLIN B. MACKENZIE.

THOMAS MACKENZIE & SONS,
Importers & Wholesale Dealers in
COACH TRIMMINGS

AND
SADDLERY HARDWARE,
TRUNK,
And Harness Trimmings,

No. 222 Baltimore-St., near Charles, North Side,
BALTIMORE, Md.

OUR FRIENDS WILL FIND IN OUR STORE ONE OF the best, largest, newest and cheapest stocks of Carriage Trimmings, Harness Trimmings, and Saddlery Hardware, of any importing house in the United States. We are constantly getting up

"SOMETHING NEW,"

and replenishing our stock by frequent arrivals from Europe, to which market, one of our firm pays frequent visits on business for the house. In connection with our Saddlery Store is a Plating Establishment, which every day turns out some of the best Plated Silver and Brass Work in the country.

To cash buyers and prompt paying customers, we offer great inducements. We invite all classes of dealers visiting Baltimore to inspect our stock. A regular weekly line of steamers runs between Baltimore, Savannah and Charleston.

All customers and all orders coming to our store, are attended to by one of our firm in person, all of whom are practical business men.

We name the following as partial description of our stock:

Hog Skins, Saddle Trees, Blankets, Tufts, Hames, Stirrups, Tacks, Web, Rings, Buckles, Tools, Ornaments, Saddle Cloths, Buggy Umbrellas, Castings, Springs, Axles, Turned Collars, Bands, Laces, Patent Leather, Trunk locks Patent Canvass, Bent Felloes, Shafts, Buggy Bars and Bows, Knobs, Axle Clips, Screws, Turned Bolts, Spring Boxes, Files, Hinges, Door Leads, Cloths, Damask Fringes, Alpacas, Cotalines, Carpet, Tassels, Glass Frames, Handles, Stamp Joints, Hubs, Spokes, Varnish, Dash Frames, Monkey Wrenches, Props and Rivets, Shaft Sockets, Pole Yokes, Sun Silks, Plush, Turned Swingle Trees, 5th Wheels, Shoe Threads, Oil Carpets, Saddlers' Silk and Threads, Moss Deer's Hair, Glue, Curled Hair, English and French Heads and Reins, Horse Blankets, Kerseys, Sand Paper, Halter, Breeching, Tug and Brace Chains, Shaft Couplings, Buggy Sticks, Snaffles, Mullins and Curb Bits, Trunk Rivets, Clout Nails, Wrought and Malleable Pad Plates, Ivory Head Nails and Knobs, Smith's Case Hardened Axles, Wagon and Buggy Whips, Carved Carriage Parts and Seats, Four Qualities of Coach Varnish, Mackenzies' Pat. 5th Wheel, &c.

Also, Pope's Self Adjusting Pads, Spencer's Patent Gig Trees, Victoria Trees, Taylor and Deitzes' Patent Hames, North's Jenny Lind Trees, and Agents for Holley's Patent Iron Hubs and Axles combined; Smith's Fly Nets, &c. "Mackenzie's Patent Gig Trees," and all other new Patents out.

☞ Goods not in our line of any kind, will be purchased to fill orders for our customers for CASH with a charge of 5 per cent. commission.

N. B. Our Springs are all made of English Steel. Our Silver American HAMES are of our own make and plate.

Hoping to hear from you shortly, we remain your friends,
THOMAS MACKENZIE & SONS.
No. 222 Baltimore-St., near Charles, Baltimore, Md.

TERMS: Heavy Leather, 4 months, 4 per cent. off cash. Hardware, 6 months, 5 per cent. off cash. Settlement by note or draft.

September 14, 1860. 41-1y.

Treasurer's Office, A., T. & O. Rail Road Company,
CHARLOTTE, N. C., Aug. 30, 1860.

AT a meeting of the Stockholders of the Atlantic, Tennessee, & Ohio Rail Road Company, held in Statesville, on the 23d August, 1860, it was—

Resolved, That an installment of FIVE DOLLARS per Share upon all the Stock subscribed (upon which no installment has yet been paid) be made due and payable on the 1st day of October next.

In accordance with the above Resolution I will attend at Statesville on Friday and Saturday, the 5th and 6th of October, for the purpose of collecting said installment.

M. L. WRISTON, *Treasurer.*
Sept. 7, 1860. 40:1m

HOUSE and LOT for SALE.

THE Subscriber has a valuable HOUSE and LOT in the town of Statesville, that he is anxious to sell, and will sell it low.

Jos. B. Douglass or Otho Gillespie will take pleasure in showing the property and closing the sale with any person that wishes to purchase. THOS. C. GRAHAM.
Rowan Mills, aug 10 36:tf

30,000 POUNDS SUPER PHOSphate of Lime, just received and for sale by
T. H. McRORIE.
August, 31, 1860. 39-tf.

SELLING OFF!!

THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING DESIRous to close out their present Stock of Goods, propose to sell off their

DRY GOODS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
Boots, Shoes, Hats,
CAPS, HOSIERY, &c.,
AT COST FOR CASH.

Also, Hardware, Drugs, Paints and other heavy articles at greatly reduced prices. We wish to buy a large amount of

Dried Fruit, Beeswax, Tallow,

and give goods in exchange.

BELL, RICKERT & CO.
September 21, 1860. 42 5t.

NORTH CAROLINA, IREDELL COUNTY. } IN EQUITY.
SPRING TERM.
McNeely, Mock & Co., *against* J. H. McLaughlin and others.

IT having been made to appear to the satisfaction of the Court, that R. H. Cowan, one of the defendants, is not a resident of this State, and is a resident of another State; It is ordered that publication be made in the Iredell Express, for six weeks, notifying the said R. H. Cowan to appear at the next Term of our said Court of Equity, to be held for the county of Iredell, at the Court House in Statesville, on the 6th Monday, after the 4th Monday in August, then and there to answer or plead to said Bill; otherwise judgment *pro confesso* will be entered against him.

Witness, W. P. Caldwell, Clerk and Master in Equity, at office, this 6th Monday after 4th Monday in March, 1860.

W. P. CALDWELL, C. & M. E.
Aug. 31, 1860. 39:6t. pr. fee $4 50.

NOTICE.

THE Superintendants of Common Schools for Iredell County, are requested to meet on the first Saturday in October next, in Statesville, without fail.

M. CAMPBELL, Ch'n.
Aug. 31, 1860. 39:1t.

TO THE PUBLIC.—I take this method of informing all requiring Literary aid, that I will be pleased to revise MSS. and prepare it for publication, and will write Essays, Tales, Sketches, Lines for Albums, Obituaries, poems on every subject, and Letters. The utmost secrecy maintained. Address

WILLIE WARE.
Aug. 31, 1860. 39:tf. Brooklyn, N. Y.

STOVES! STOVES!!

N. C. Charlotte,

Cooking Stoves!!

THE subscriber has received a full and complete supply of **COOKIG STOVES,** which he will sell **unusually LOW for CASH.**

I would call attention also to my stock of LARGE STOVES, suitable for **Heating CHURCHES,** or other Large Rooms, also, to my Dining-Room and Parlor Stoves,

—ALSO—

a full and complete stock of

TIN & HOLLOW-WARE,

Lanterns, **Wooden-ware,** Brooms, Brushes, &c.

S. T. WRISTON.
CHARLOTTE, [aug 24] N. C.
38:3m

W. R. WILSON,

Watch Maker
AND
JEWELER.

HAVING procured MR. CHARLES HEEBNER, a **practical Watch-Maker,** from Philadelphia, Pa, to attend to a Branch of my BUSINESS in

STATESVILLE,

I am now ready to do every description of

WATCH, CLOCK, AND JEWELRY REPAIRING,

at short notice.

Every Style and Quality of

WATCHES AND JEWELRY

for Sale at reasonable prices.

W. R. WILSON. [aug. 17] CHAS. HEEBNER.

FALL IMPORTATION.
1860.

RIBBONS,

MILLINERY & STRAW
GOODS.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Ribbons, Bonnet Silks AND SATINS,

VELVETS, RUSHES, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, STAW BONNETS, FLATS, &C.,

No. 237 and Lofts of 239, Baltimore St.,
Baltimore, Md.

Offer a Stock unsurpassed in the United States in variety and cheapness.

Orders solicited and prompt attention given.

TERMS, 6 months, six per cent. off for cash, par funds.

Aug. 17, 1850. 37:3m.pd.

KEROSENE LAMP OIL, A Superior article for sale by
mar 23 60:16 JAMISON, SIMONTON & Co

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

CUSHINGS & BAILEY,
Wholesale Booksellers
and Stationers,
No. 262 Baltimore St., Opposite Hanover,
BALTIMORE,

Are prepared to offer the Country Trade, Goods in their line, at prices that will compare favorably with those of any other market.

Their Stock of SCHOOL, LAW, MEDICAL and MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS is large and well selected.

A large and varied assortment of Foreign and American Stationery can always be found at their establishment.

They keep constantly on hand a full supply of BLANK BOOKS of different styles and of their own manufacture. Having a Bindery connected with their Store they are, at all times, able, at short notice, to fill orders for Blank Books, ruled to any pattern, or of any desired style of Binding.

Orders received by mail, will meet with prompt attention.

☞ You are requested to call and examine our Stock and Prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Aug. 17, 1860. 37:3m.pd.

TIME TABLE.

WESTERN N. CAROLINA RAIL ROAD.
MAIL TRAIN—WEST.

Stations.	Whole Dist	Dis of Sta's.	Arrive, a m	Leave.
Salisbury,				7.00
Water Station,	6	6	7.18	7.28
Third Creek,	13	7	7.50	7.55
Waddell's T. O.	18	5	8.10	8.15
Statesville,	25	7	8.36	8.45
Plott's T. O.	33	8	9.10	9.15
Catawba,	36	5	9.30	9.35
Newton,	50	12	10 10	10.15
White Sulphur,	54	4	10.30	10.35
Hickory Tavern,	60	6	10.55	11.05
Icard's,	68	8	11.30	
Morganton,				

MAIL TRAIN—EAST.

Morganton,				
Icard's,				11.45
Hickory Tavern,	8	8	12.05	12.10
White Sulphur,	6	14	12.30	12.35
Newton,	5	19	12.45	12.55
Catawba River,	11	30	1.30	1.35
Plott's T. O.	5	35	1.50	1.55
Statesville,	8	43	2.20	2.30
Waddell's T. O.	7	50	2.50	2.55
Third Creek,	6	55	3.10	3.15
Water Station,	7	62	3.40	3.45
Salisbury,	6	68	4.00	

North Carolina Rail-Road.

Mail Train, South, arrives 4.13 p. m., North, 6.45 a. m. Express Train, South, arrives 9.36 p. m., North, 12.30 a. m.

Salisbury, Office W. N. C. R. R. Aug 1, 60.

New Materials!
EVERY DESCRIPTION PRINTING!

WE have received, from New York and Philadelphia, ex steamer Parkersburg, a number of founts of

ORNAMENTAL TYPE;

Cuts; Borders; Rules; and other materials;

—ALSO—

a general assortment of **Business** and

FANCY CARDS;

Flat-cap, Letter and Note Paper, of various colors; **Colored Paper for Posters** and Hand-Bills; Inks of all colors, &c. The **EXPRESS OFFICE** is well prepared to execute any description of **Plain** AND

ORNAMENTAL

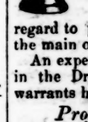
PRINTING

in the best style of the ART.

Terms, [Aug. 10, 1860.] **Moderate.**

CHARLOTTE DRUG STORE.

F. SCARR,
CHEMIST & DRUGGIST,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.



RESPECTFULLY INVITES attention to his large Stock of **Drugs, Chemicals, &c.,** selected with care, and without regard to price;—Purity and Quality being the main object.

An experience of upwards of Twenty years in the Drug Business in large cities, fully warrants him in asking the confidence of the *Profession and the Public.*

PHYSICIANS wishing reliable

DRUGS and CHEMICALS

can purchase with advantage.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS supplied with

Oils, Essences, etc.,

as low as any house in North Carolina.

Patent Medicines direct from the Proprietors or Agents.

Linseed Oil,
Sperm Oil,
Winter Lard Oil,
Tanners Oil,
Best Train Oil,
Sweet Oil,
Castor Oil, &c.,

LOW FOR CASH.

LANDRETH'S New Crop Turnip Seed.

AMBROTYPE STOCK & CHEMICALS.

The largest Stock of HAIR and TOOTH Brushes in the State.

Green, Yellow and other Paints.

WHITE LEAD from 8 to 10 cents.

PLAIN & COLORED GLASS.

KEROSENE & LAMPS.

FLUID, CAMPHENE, TURPENTINE.

Licorice Paste, Essence of Peach, Oils of Aniseed & Cinnamon.

August 10, 1860, 36:1y

GROVER & BAKER'S NOISELESS SEWING MACHINE, FOR PLANTERS' USE.

The very great success of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine throughout the Southern States has been peculiarly gratifying to the manufacturers, who are led to believe that their endeavors to make a RELIABLE machine have been appreciated. The policy of the Company will be unchanged, and, as heretofore, each machine will be warranted in every respect to be as represented. That we manufacture and sell the machine best adapted to all the wants of the people of the South, can be attested by thousands of Families and Planters who have them in daily use; and, feeling the importance of meeting every want of the Southern people, we have just introduced

AN ENTIRELY NEW MACHINE,

MADE EXPRESSLY FOR PLANTERS' USE;

a machine that will sew the finest fabrics for the inmates of the household, and the coarsest goods for the negroes of the field. It is so simple in construction, that a servant of ordinary capacity can readily learn to work it, and keep it in order. In ordinary wear, the machine can not get out of repair, and should last many years—being constructed with especial care as to durability. We feel every confidence of it giving the most complete satisfaction. That our machines will do better sewing than can be done by hand, is evidenced by numerous testimonials, and from many we select and invite attention to a few, as showing

What Southern People Say:

"MRS. JEFFERSON DAVIS, presents her compliments to Grover & Baker, and takes pleasure in saying that she has used one of their machines for two years, and finds it still in good order, makes a beautiful stitch, and does easily work of any kind."—*Washington, D. C.*

"I have used one of Grover & Baker's Family Sewing Machines for more than three years, and do not hesitate to say that it has given entire satisfaction. I cheerfully recommend them to all who wish to have their sewing well and quickly done."—*Mrs. Robert Widdicombe, Washington.*

"I take pleasure in saying, that the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines have more than sustained my expectation. After trying and returning others, I have three of them in operation in my different places, and, after four years' trial, have no fault to find."—*J. H. Hammond, Senator of South Carolina.*

"My wife has had one of Grover & Baker's Family Sewing Machines for some time, and I am satisfied it is one of the best labor-saving machines that has been invented. I take much pleasure in recommending it to the public."—*I. G. Harris, Governor of Tennessee.*

"I take pleasure in saying that the Grover & Baker's Sewing Machine has fully sustained my expectations, and, after a trial of more than a year, I am so well pleased with it that I take pleasure in recommending it to my friends."—*Mrs. W. H. Rittenhouse, Georgetown, D. C.*

"I am very much pleased with my sewing machine, if I could not get another, I would not take ten times what it cost me. It more than realizes my most sanguine expectations."—*C. R. Nash, Camden, N. C.*

"The Grover & Baker Machine has fully equaled my expectations. A very important characteristic of the machine is, it is so very simple that any negro of common understanding can manage it. Mine has been used exclusively by a negro servant about six months, and has never been out of order."—*Rev. J. L. Moultrie, Union Springs, Ala.*

"I take pleasure in recommending Grover & Baker's Family Sewing Machine. We have used one more than six months, and it is all that it is represented to be. It is not only a convenience, but we regard it an indispensable necessity."—*Hon. J. P. Dowdell, La Fayette, Ala.*

"I confess myself delighted with your sewing machine, which has been in my family for many months. It has always been ready for duty, requiring no adjustment, and is easily adapted to every variety of family sewing by simply changing the spools of thread,"—*Mrs. Lutitia B. Thompson, Louisville, Ky.*

"I think your machine by far the best in use. It can be adapted from the finest fabrics to the heaviest cassimere, and sews stronger, faster, and more beautiful than one can imagine. If mine could not be replaced, money could not buy it."—*Mrs. E. Hardin, Louisville, Ky.*

"Inclination and other circumstances having brought under my examination several prominent sewing machines, and led to an acquaintance with their merits, should my opinion be deemed of any value, I would not hesitate to accord the preference to Grover & Baker's."—*Rev. J. B. Clemson, Claymont, Del.*

"Having used one of Grover & Baker's Sewing Machines for twelve months, I do not hesitate to express my entire satisfaction with it. It has never been out of order, and its place could not be supplied. I recommend it as combining more advantages than any other."—*Mrs. Cheeley, wife of Rev. Dr. Cheeley, Prince George County, Md.*

"I take pleasure in recommending Grover & Baker's Sewing Machine to the public. It has given every satisfaction in my family, and I consider it one of the most reliable machines in use—not only for its strength—but simplicity, and not being liable to get out of order. I would advise any person to purchase one of them in preference to all others I have seen."—*Simon Stone, Norfolk, Va.*

"I think it by far the best patent in use. This machine can be adapted from the finest cambric to the heaviest cassimere. It sews stronger, faster, and more beautiful than one can imagine. If mine could not be replaced, money could not buy it."—*Mrs. J. G. Brown, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I take pleasure in recommending the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine over all others in use. Mine is the only Grover & Baker in this vicinity; but I hope ere long to see one in every family."—*J. L. Walker, Merrit's Bridge, N. C.*

"I am happy to give my testimony in favor of Grover & Baker's Sewing Machine, and of the perfect satisfaction it gives in every respect. It sews neatly, and is by no means complicated, and I prefer it to all others I have seen."—*Mrs. Bryan, wife of Rev. A. M. Bryan. Memphis, Tenn.*

"We have used one of Grover & Baker's Sewing Machines in our shop for three years past, and find it perfectly practicable, easily kept in order, and adapted to all kinds of work in a tailor's shop. We take pleasure in recommending it to the public."—*I. A. Brokow & Co., Columbus, Geo.*

"Grover & Baker's Sewing Machine has been in use in my family for several months, and has given entire satisfaction. It does not get out of order, rarely breaks needles or thread, or gives trouble of any kind in its management—Its simplicity of construction, and the ease and facility with which it can be used, constitute a part of its numerous chief excellencies."—*Col. Hines Holt, Columbus, Ga.*

"The Grover & Baker Sewing Machine, has performed fully equal to representation. My negro clothes were made with it last fall, and again this spring; and the clothes for winter are now being made with it. The coarest keseys, lowells, denims, etc., were used for the clothes. It has been used on many fine articles, such as calicoes, etc., for family wear. I am perfectly satisfied with it, and would not be deprived of its use, for three times the cost of it."—*Hon. Judge McGuire, Monroe, La.*

"I have used Grover & Baker's Sewing Machine four years. It has sewed plantation work perfectly. I have influenced four friends to buy them; all are perfectly satisfied and would not give them up at any price, if they were unable to obtain others."—*Mrs. Caldwell, New Orleans.*

"After only ten minutes' instruction, I found it so very simple that I ordered one sent to the steamer, and from that day, I have had more real happiness and leisure than you can imagine. My negro girl, Kate, who is only thirteen years old, works the machine perfectly, and has made up clothing enough on it to clothe fifty negroes."—*C. F. Davidson, Bolivar Co., Miss.*

"About three years ago, I purchased one of Grover & Baker's Sewing Machines, with which I am entirely satisfied, and it has never been out of order, or given me any trouble since."—*Mrs. E. Wade, Port Gibson, Miss.*

"I bought one of Grover & Baker's Sewing Machines two years since. It has done the entire sewing for my plantation, for white and black, in a superior style, during that time, and never required any repair, and continues to sew as well as when first purchased."—*R. A. Baker, Chicot Co., Ark.*

"I take great pleasure in saying, that I have had one of Grover & Baker's Sewing Machines in constant use in my family for about two years, and it has given entire satisfaction, and in my opinion is the best machine I have ever seen."—*E. F. Beauchamp, West Liberty, Texas.*

"It gives me pleasure to add my testimony to that of many others, in favor of Grover & Baker's Sewing Machines. One of their machines has been in constant use in my family for nearly three years, giving entire satisfaction, never having required the slightest repair in that time."—*A. C. Blount, Pensacola, Fla.*

Offices of Exhibition and Sale:

495 Broadway, New York; 181 Baltimore Street, Baltimore; Mechanics' Institute, Richmond: 249 King Street, Charleston; 41 St. Francis Street, Mobile: 11 Camp Street, New Orleans: 94 Fourth Street, Louisville; 4 Higgins' Block, Lexington; 124 North Fourth Street, St. Louis; Thomas P. Stovall, Augusta, Agent for Georgia; Mrs. C. Branard, Galveston, Agent for Texas. Agencies will be found in most of the cities and towns of the South. july 20:33:3m

Mrs. J. A. Vannoy,

FASHIONABLE DRESS MAKER,

Statesville, N. C.

Receives monthly the French, English and American Fashions. 33:'60:1y

STATESVILLE MALE ACADEMY.

C. M. & J. B. Andrews, *Principals.*

THE FIFTH Session of this Institution will commence on Wednesday the 1st day of August, 1860.

For particulars address the Principals, and see circular. july 20:33tf

NATIONAL FLAG!

Wm. M. Barker

WOULD inform the readers of the Express, that he is extensively engaged in the manufacture of

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES

of the very best style.

He has lately visited a number of the Northern Manufactories, and acquainted himself with all the late improvements in his line; and made arrangements by which he can supply those preferring it, with

Northern Work,

at much lower rates than it could be done by ordering themselves. He is determined his work shall not be surpassed, and earnestly solicits a Call, at the Sign of the National Flag, Salisbury, N. C.

July 27, '60:3m.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RETURNED from market, and is now receiving and opening a complete and full assortment of

GROCERIES,

consisting of COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES SYRUPS, TEA, PEPPER, SPICE, &c., with every other article usually kept in similar establishments, all of which will be sold as usual at exceedingly low prices His stock of

DRY GOODS

is far superior to any, as those who have favored him with their patronage can testify. The stock of

HATS & CAPS,
and
BOOTS & SHOES

cannot be equaled, either in style or manufacture, having had the most of them made to his order. The stock of

SOLE LEATHER
and
SADDLES

is full and complete and will be sold at unusually low rates, and which will only be

DISTRIBUTED

at this establishment exclusively for CASH.

FOR NOTHING

has a more desired effect than a cash system. Therefore a call is earnestly solicited, before purchasing elsewhere

AT FRANKFORD'S,
Salisbury, N. C.

June 8, 1860. 27:tf

5,000 BUSHELS WHEAT WANTED.

WANTED,
AT THE ROWAN MILLS,
5,000 *Bushels Good Wheat,*
For which **Salisbury Cash Prices** will be paid. Call and see me before you sell.

O. G. FOARD.
Nov. 18, 1859. 49-tf

M'LEAN HOUSE,

STATESVILLE, N. C.

Agricultural.

Boston Horses for the Emperor.

The French legation has lately visited Boston, to approve the purchase by a well-known horse-dealer, of five superb Vermont horses for the stables of the French Emperor, who already possesses twenty-four specimens of the same breed. The new horses are fifteen hands high, having a fine action and a speed of not less than 2.50 They are of the Emperor's favorite color, a deep bay, as are nearly all the Emperor's stock of four hundred, and their tails are of the natural length, with one exception. The cost was between $2,000 and $3,000. These horses will be taken to Europe in one of the Vanderbilt steamers.

Distress in Kansas.

There is a lamentable dearth in Kansas, owing to the unexampled drought of the past summer. In certain parts of the Territory, indeed, there is said to have been no rain of two hours duration for more than a year. Efforts are to be made at Chicago to collect funds to meet the immediate wants of the suffering inhabitants of the Territory.

Lime in Transplanting Trees.

An English publication says that a large plantation of trees have been formed in the country, within a few years past, without the loss of a single tree, by putting a small quantity of lime in the hole when planting the tree. Four bushels of lime are said to be sufficient for an acre. The lime is thoroughly mixed with the soil, in order that it may be reached by the roots, with equal facility in every direction, as its principal effect is to push forward the tree during the first precarious stages of growth.

Bites and Stings.

Apply instantly, with a soft rag, most freely, spirits of hartshorn. The venom of stings being an acid, the alkali nullifies them. Fresh wood ashes, moistened with water, and made into a poultice, frequently renewed, is an excellent substitute—or soda or saleratus—all being alkalies.

Lunar Bow.

This beautiful phenomenon made its appearance in the heavens on Thursday night At about 11 o'clock a magnificent arch, silvered o'er with the moon's lustre, spanned the horizon from N. E. to E. The deep cerulean hue of the sky above and below it was in most impressive contrast with a fleece whiteness. In about fifteen minutes after its appearance, it began gradualy to fade away, and in so doing diffused itself into a broad sheet of rosetinted light, from which, at some moments, shot up distinct lines far towards the zenith, thus mingling a splendid variety of forms and hues in the lovely scene.—At one time the glow which it assumed resembled a good deal that of the Aurora, the whole Northern horizon being lit up with it. Finally after continuing about half an hour it disappeared.—[Petersburg Express.]

Every political paper in South Carolina is for disunion, and every one zealously supports Breckinridge and Lane. Every disunion paper and every disunion electioneerer in the whole South are at work earnestly for Breckinridge and Lane, and most of them are predicting the election of Lincoln, and laboring to fire the Southern heart "with a view to precipitate the cotton States into a revolution."

Advertisements.

HAS taken Rooms in the Simonton House where, he will be pleased to wait on all who desire his Services. mr16:15tf

For Sale.

MY FARM of **305 ACRES**, one half timbered, 4 miles North of Statesville and 2 miles S. W. of Bethany church on Rockford Road. It is adapted to the growth of Wheat, Tobacco, &c. There is on it a

Dwelling House,

negro houses, tobacco barns, &c.,—is level, well watered and very healthy. For terms apply on the premises.

July 20:33:tf R. H. HILL.

SIMONTON HOUSE.

Statesville, N. C.

A. D. MOORE, Proprietor.

THE Undersigned having taken a lease of the above popular Establishment, informs the public, that his best exertions shall be used to furnish the Travelling and resident community with the best and most satisfactory accommodations, equal with the best hotels in the country, and for moderate charges. The

TABLE

will, at all times, be spread with the best the country affords, and every attention devoted for the comfort of Guests.

A liberal share of public patronage is very respectfully solicited.

A. D. MOORE,
Statesville, Feb 17 60 Proprietor.

HIDE, OIL, AND LEATHER STORE.

D. KIRKPATRICK & SONS,
No. 31, S. Third street,
Between Market and Chestnut streets,
PHILADELPHIA,

HAVE FOR SALE

DRY & SALTED SPANISH HIDES,
Dry and Green Salted Patna Kips, Tanner's Oil, Tanners' and Curriers' Tools

At the Lowest Prices, and upon the best terms

☞ All kinds of Leather in the rough wanted, for which the highest market price will be given in cash, or taken in exchange for hides. Leather stored free of charge and sold on commission. 18-1y

Negroes Wanted!

THE Subscriber wishes to buy **15** or **20** likely

YOUNG NEGROES,

for which he will pay the highest *cash price*. Persons desirous of selling will please address me either at Statesville or Liberty Hill, Iredell county.

31:tf R. M. JOHNSON.

PROF. L. MILLER'S HAIR INVIGORATOR.

An Effective, Safe and Economical Compound,

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR to its original color without dyeing, and preventing the Hair from turning gray.

FOR PREVENTING BALDNESS, and curing it, when there is the least particle of vitality or recuperative energy remaining.

FOR REMOVING SCURF AND DANDERUFF, and all cutaneous affections of the Scalp.

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR, imparting to it an unequalled gloss and brilliancy, making it soft and silky in its texture and causing it to curl readily.

The great celebrity and the increasing demand for this unequalled preparation, convince the proprietor that one trial is only necessary to satisfy a discerning public of its superior qualities over any other preparation at present in use. It cleanses the head and scalp from *dandruff and other cutaneous diseases*, causes the hair to grow luxuriantly, and gives it a rich, soft, glossy and flexible appearance, and also where the hair is loosened and thinning, it will give strength and vigor to the roots, and restore the growth to those parts which have become bald, causing it to yield a *fresh covering of hair*.

There are hundreds of ladies and gentlemen in New York who have had their hair restored by the use of this Invigorator, when all other preparations had failed. L. M. has in his possession letters innumerable testifying to the above facts, from persons of the highest respectability. It will effectually prevent the *hair from turning gray* until the latest period of life; and in cases where the hair has already changed its color, the use of the Invigorator will with certainty *restore it to its original hue*, giving it a dark, glossy appearance. As a perfume for the toilet and a Hair Restorative it is particularly recommended, having an agreeable fragrance; and the great facilities it affords in *dressing the hair*, which, when moist with the Invigorator can be dressed in any required form so as to preserve its place, whether plain or in curls—hence the great demand for it by the ladies as a *standard toilet article* which none ought to be without, as the price places it within the reach of all, being

ONLY TWENTY-FIVE CENTS

per bottle, to be had at all respectable druggists' and perfumers.

L. MILLER would call the attention of Parents and Guardians to the use of his Invigorator. In cases where the childrens' Hair inclines to be weak. The use of it lays the foundation for a *good head of hair*, as it removes any impurities that may have become connected with the scalp, the removal of which is necessary both for the health of the child, and the future appearance of its Hair.

CAUTION.—None genuine without the fac simile LOUIS MILLER, being on the outer wrapper; also, L. MILLER'S HAIR INVIGORATOR, N. Y. blown in the glass.

Wholesale Depot, 56 Dey St. and sold by all the principal Merchants and Druggists throughout the world.

Liberal discount to purchasers by the quantity.

I also desire to present to the American public my

New and Instantaneous LIQUID HAIR-DYE

which, after years of experimenting, I have brought to perfection. It dyes Black or Brown instantly without injury to the Hair or Skin warranted the best article of the kind in existence.

PRICE ONLY 50 CENTS.

DEPOT, 56 DEY STREET, NEW YORK.

August 24, 1860. 38-1y.

THRESHING MACHINE.

A TWO-HORSE Thresher, (Alamance make) with cast-steel journals and composition boxes, now at the depot and for sale by E. B. DRAKE & SON.

WANTED.

I WISH to purchase
10,000 lbs Dried Fruit, *well cured;*
10,000 lb *Linen and Cotton Rags, washed;*
10,000 lb *BEES WAX.*

Also, CORN, WHEAT and Country Produce generally. The *highest market prices* paid in Barter or Discount.

Aug. 3. 35tf T. H. McRORIE.

BLANKS FOR SALE HERE.

Wheat & Flour Wanted.

WE wish to buy **5000 Bushels of good WHEAT**, for which we will pay the highest price in Cash and furnish Bags.

Also, **5000 Sacks of Prime Flour** for which CASH will be paid.

JAMISON, SIMONTON & CO.
January 13 '60 6:tf

50,000 Copies already Sold.

EVERYBODY'S LAWYER AND COUNSELLOR IN BUSINESS,

BY FRANK CROSBY,

OF THE PHILADELPHIA BAR.

It Tells You How to draw up Partnership Papers and gives general forms for Agreements of all kinds, Bills of Sale, Leases and Petitions.

It Tells You How to draw up Bonds and Mortgages, Affidavits, Powers of Attorney, Notes and Bills of Exchange, Receipts and Releases.

It Tells You The Laws for the collection of Debts, with the Statutes of Limitation, and amount and kind of property Exempt from Execution in every State.

It tells You How to make an Assignment properly, with forms for Composition with Creditors, and the Insolvent Laws of every State.

It Tells You The legal relations existing between Guardian and Ward, Master and Apprentice, and Landlord and Tenant.

It Tells You What constitutes Libel and Slander, and the Law as to Marriage Dower, the Wife's Right in Property, Divorce and Alimony.

It Tells You The Law for Mechanics' Lines in every State, and the Naturalization Laws of this country, and how to comply with the same.

It Tells You The Law concerning Pensions, and how to obtain one, and the Pre-Emption Laws to Public Lands.

It Tells You The Law for Patents, with mode of procedure in obtaining one, with Interferences, Assignments and Table of Fees.

It Tells You How to make your Will, and how to Administer on an Estate, with the law and requirements thereof in every State.

It Tells You The meaning of Law Terms in general use, and explains to you the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Powers of both the General and State Governments.

It Tells You How to keep out of Law, by showing how to do your business legally, thus saving a vast amount of property, and vexatious litigation, by its timely consultation.

Single copies will be sent by mail, postage paid, to Every Farmer, Every Mechanic, Every Man of Business, and Everybody in Every State, on receipt of $1.00, or in law style of binding at $1 25.

$1,000 A YEAR can be made by enterprising men everywhere, in selling the above work, as our inducements to all such are very liberal.

For single copies of the Book, or for terms to agents, with other information, apply to or address

JOHN E. POTTER, Publisher.
No. 617 Sansom Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
June 22, 1860. 29:6m.

Grand Opening

OF

NEW SPRING & SUMMER GOODS

At the NEW CASH STORE of

WALLACE, ELIAS & CO.;

Where they are receiving daily the Latest Styles of Fancy DRY GOODS. Consisting of Beautiful

SILKS,
TISSUES,
BAREGES,
ORGANDIES,
FRENCH CAMBRICS,
MUSLINS,
& CALICOES

A Beautiful Assortment of the Latest Fashions of **Mantillas, Shawls** and **Mantels; Fine Bonnets,** and the best qualities of Ladies and Misses

SHOES AND GAITERS.

A large quantity of LINENS, LONG CLOTHS and SHEETINGS for Family use. EMBROIDERIES and HOSIERY at low figures.

A Splendid Assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING

for Gent's, Youth's and Boy's wear. **HATS, CAPS,** and the Best **BOOTS & SHOES** always kept on hand.

A very large assortment of

Hardware and Cutlery, Crockery and Glassware, Drugs, Medicines, Sadlery and Jewelry;

and many other articles to numerous to mention: To all of which we most respectfully solicit the patronage of the Public in general, and we are sure that nobody can compete with us in giving Bargains, as our MOTTO is

"Quick Sales and small Profits."

Come one, come All to the NEW CASH STORE of

WALLACE, ELIAS & CO.,
March 9, 1860. tf next door to the "Iredell Express" Office.

What Everybody Wants.

THE FAMILY DOCTOR:

CONTAINING
SIMPLE REMEDIES, EASILY OBTAINED, FOR THE CURE OF DISEASE IN ALL FORMS.

BY
PROFESSOR HENRY S. TAYLOR, M. D.

It Tells You How to attend upon the sick, and how to cook for them; how to prepare Drinks, Poultices, &c., and how to guard against infection from Contagious Diseases.

It Tells You Of the various diseases of Children and gives the best and simplest mode of treatment during Teething, Convulsions, Vaccination, Whooping-cough, Measles, &c.

It Tells You The symptoms of Croup, Cholera Infantum, Colic, Diarrhœa, Worms, Scalled Head, Ringworm, Chicken-pox, &c., and gives you the best remedies for their cure.

It Tells You The symptoms of Fever and Ague, and Bilious, Yellow, Typhus, Scarlet and other Fevers, and gives you the best and simplest remedies for their cure.

It Tells You The symptoms of Influenza, Consumption, Dyspepsia, Asthma, Dropsy, Gout, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Erysipelas, &c., and gives you the best remedies for their cure.

It Tells You The symptoms of Cholera Morbus, Malignant Cholera, Small-pox, Dysentery, Cramp, Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys and Liver, and the best remedies for their cure.

It Tells You The symptoms of Pleurisy, Mumps, Neuralgia, Apoplexy, Paralysis, the various Diseases of the Throat, Teeth, Ear and Eye, and the best remedies for their cure.

It Tells You The symptoms of Epilepsy, Jaundice, Piles, Rupture, Diseases of the Heart, Hemorrhage, Venereal Diseases, and Hydrophobia, and gives the best remedies for their cure.

It Tells You The best and simplest treatment for Wounds, Broken Bones and Dislocations, Sprains, Lockjaw, Fever Sores, White Swellings, Ulcers, Whitlows, Boils, Scurvy, Burns and Scrofula.

It Tells You Of the various diseases peculiar to Women, and gives the best and simplest remedies for their cure, together with many valuable hints for the preservation of the health.

The work is written in plain language, free from medical terms, so as to be easily understood, while its simple recipes may soon save you many times the cost of the book. It is printed in a clear and open type; is illustrated with appropriate engravings, and will be forwarded to your address, neatly bound and postage paid, on receipt of $1 00.

$1000 A YEAR can be made by enterprising men everywhere, in selling the above work, as our inducements to all such are very liberal.

For single copies of the Book, or for terms to agents, with other information, apply to or address

John E. Potter, Publisher,
No. 617 Sansom Street, Philadelphia.
June 22 '60:6m

10,000 BUSHELS GOOD WHITE WHEAT, for which the highest Cash price will be paid.

10,000 Bushels of Corn.

Apply to J. F. ALEXANDER & CO.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR,

FOR DEBILITATED.

IT is compounded entirely from Gums, and has become an established fact, a Standard Medicine, known and approved by all that sorrel to with confidence in is recommended.

It has cured thousands who had given up all hopes unsolicited certificates in my possession show.

The dose must be adapted individual taking it, and us act gently on the Bowels.

Let the dictates of your use of the **LIVER INVIGORATOR**, and it will cure **Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Summer Complaint, Dropsy, Sour Stomach, Costiveness, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Jaundice, Female Weakness**, and may be used successfully as an **Ordinary Family Medicine.** It will cure **SICK HEADACHE**, (thousands can testify,) in **twenty minutes**, if **two or three Teaspoonfuls** are taken at commencement of attack.

All who use it are giving their testimony in its favor.

MIX WATER IN THE MOUTH WITH THE INVIGORATOR, AND SWALLOW BOTH TOGETHER.

Price One Dollar per Bottle.

— ALSO. —

SANFORD'S FAMILY CATHARTIC PILLS,

COMPOUNDED FROM

Pure Vegetable Extracts, and put up in GLASS CASES, Air Tight, and will keep in any climate.

The **Family Cathartic PILL** is a safe but active Cathartic used in his practice more than twenty years. The constantly increasing demand from those who have long used the **PILL**, and the satisfaction which all express in regard to their use, has induced me to place them within the reach of all.

The Profession well know that different Cathartics act on different portions of the bowels.

The **FAMILY CATHARTIC PILL** has, with due reference to this fact, been compounded from a variety of the purest Vegetable Extracts, which act simultaneously, and alike on every part of the alimentary canal, and are as well established fact, as where a Cathartic is good and safe in all cases needed, such as **Dyspepsia, Stomach, Sleepiness, Back and Loins, and Soreness** over the whole body, frequently, if neglected, from sudden cold, which ver, **Loss of Appetite, a Creeping Sensation of Cold over the body, Restlessness, Headache, weight in the head, or all Inflammatory Diseases, Worms in Children or Adults, Rheumatism, a great Purifier of the Blood** and many diseases to which flesh is heir, too numerous to mention in this advertisement. **Dose, 1 to 3.**

PRICE 30 CENTS.

The Liver Invigorator and Family Cathartic Pills are retailed by Druggists generally, and sold wholesale by the Trade in all the large towns.

S. T. W. SANFORD, M. D.,
Manufacturer and Proprietor,
335 Broadway, New York.

S. J. RICKERT,
Statesville, July 1, 1859. 11

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

A compound remedy, in which we have labored to produce the most effectual alterative that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints:—

SCROFULA and SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS, ERUPTIONS and ERUPTIVE DISEASES, ULCERS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, TUMORS, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, SYPHILIS and SYPHILITIC AFFECTIONS, MERCURIAL DISEASE, DROPSY, NEURALGIA or TIC DOULOUREUX, DEBILITY, DYSPEPSIA and INDIGESTION, ERYSIPELAS, ROSE or ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many rankling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcerous sores through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder is felt, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this pabulum of life disordered, there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation, of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because the drug alone has not all the virtue that is claimed for it, but more because many preparations, pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter and painful disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure. In order to secure their complete eradication from the system, the remedy should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.
LOWELL, MASS.
Price, $1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for $5

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaints, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found to do.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR THE CURE OF

Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and for Purifying the Blood.

They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

Price 25 cents per Box; Five Boxes for $1.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent personages, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the insertion of them.—The Agents below named furnish gratis our AMERICAN ALMANAC in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

All our Remedies are for sale by

S. J. Rickert, Statesville.

King, Hege & Co., Lexington: D. B. Gaither, Newton. At wholesale by Haivland, Stevenson & Co., Charleston; H. McLinn, Wilmington: M. A. & C. A. Santos, Norfolk: Purcell, Ladd & Co., Richmond. Feb 24, 1860:1y.

LIVERY STABLE.

Statesville, N. C.

HAVING bought the interest of M. A. Bringle, in the extensive Stables connected with the Simonton House, I take pleasure in informing Travelers and the Public generally, that I am prepared to

Hire Horses and Buggies,
AT REASONABLE RATES.

Persons wanting Conveyance can be accommodated at any time, and sent to any part of the country.

I pride myself on keeping gentle and fast horses. My Provender is of the best quality, and the quantity left to the appetite of the animal.

All is under the management of the Proprietor, and no fear need be entertained.

Feb 10:10 J. R. DAVIDSON.

TO THE CITIZENS OF STATESVILLE AND SURROUNDING COUNTRY.

WE take pleasure in stating that we have just received a New and Complete Stock of GOODS of every variety; such as

GROCERIES, DRUGS,
HARDWARE,
Hemlock Leather, Boots, Shoes, Shoe Findings, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Notions, Dry-Goods, Ready-Made Clothing, Hats, Caps, &c.,

of every Variety and Style to suit the custom of the Country.

We are determined to sell as LOW as the LOWEST, as we paid Cash for our Goods.—Also a liberal reduction to Cash dealers.

All kinds of **Country Produce** taken in exchange for Goods at Cash prices.

WATTS, WHITE & CO.
Statesville, dec 23. 59 3-tf

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Look to Your Interest!

Encourage Us—and We will do Our Best to Please, and Warrant All Our WORK.

ROOFING & GUTTERING

in the best Style, and Cheaper than the Cheapest—Lower than the Lowest.

Wholesale and Retail.

LECKIE & SON,

HAVE and will keep on hand all kinds of

TIN AND SHEET IRON WARES,

and will make to order and endeavor to supply every demand in their line of business, low down for Cash or to punctual customers.

All kinds of produce taken in exchange for work. Old Copper and Pewter wanted.

Jannary, 27, 1860

THE

Iredell Express JOB OFFICE

Is the place to get all kinds of Printing done neatly, cheaply, AND JUST WHEN YOU WANT IT.

BLANKS

Of every description kept always on hand, or printed to order.

C. M. & G. LINES,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

HEAVY DOUBLE-SOLED BROGANS,
SINGLE-SOLED BROGANS, GENTS' KIP **BROGANS,**
AND
OXFORD TIES,
AT WHOLESALE,
Thomasville,.....N. C.

Particular attention paid to Double-Soled Brogans, for negro wear, which are warranted to do good service at a

Low Price.

The patronage of the Southern people is respectfully solicited to this Home Establishment, with the assurance that every article sold by us, shall be of a good quality, and at

A Moderate Price.

march 16'60 15:1y

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE AND British Reviews.

L. SCOTT & CO., NEW YORK, continue to publish the following leading British Periodicals, viz:

1. **The London Quarterly** (Conservative.)
2. **The Edinburgh Review** (Whig.)
3. **The North British Review** (Free Church.)
4. **The Westminster Review** (Liberal.)
5. **Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine** (Tory.)

These periodicals ably represent the three great political parties of Great Britain—Whig, Tory, and Radical—but politics forms only one feature of their character. As Organs of the most profound writers on Science, Literature, Morality, and Religion, they stand, as they ever have stood, unrivalled in the world of letters, being considered indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, while to the intelligent reader of every class they furnish a more correct and satisfactory record of the current literature of the day, throughout the world, than can be possibly obtained from any other source.

EARLY COPIES.

The receipt of ADVANCE SHEETS from the British publishers gives additional value to these Reprints, inasmuch as they can now be placed in the hands of subscribers about as soon as the original editions.

TERMS.

	Per ann.
For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 00
For any two of the four Reviews,	5 00
For any three of the four Reviews,	7 00
For all four of the Reviews,	8 00
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 00
For Blackwood and one Review,	5 00
For Blackwood and two Reviews,	7 00
For Blackwood and three Reviews,	9 00
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 00

Money current in the State where issued will be received at par.

CLUBBING.

A discount of twenty-five per cent. from the above prices will be allowed to CLUBS ordering four or more copies of any one or more of the above works. Thus: Four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to one address for $9; four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood for $30; and so on.

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In all the principal Cities and Towns these works will be delivered FREE OF POSTAGE. When sent by mail, the POSTAGE to any part of the United States will be but 24 Cents a year for "Blackwood," and but 14 Cents a year for each of the Reviews.

N.B.—The price in Great Britain of the five Periodicals above named is $31 per annum.

THE FARMER'S GUIDE TO *Scientific and Practical Agriculture.*

By HENRY STEPHENS, F. R. S., of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, Professor of Scientific Agriculture in Yale College, New Haven. 2 vols. Royal Octavo. 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings.

This is, confessedly, the most complete work on Agriculture ever published, and in order to give it a wider circulation the publishers have resolved to reduce the price to

Five Dollars for the Two Volumes!!

When sent by mail (post-paid) to California and Oregon the price will be $7. To every other part of the Union, and to Canada (post-paid), $6. ☞ *This work is not the old "Book of the Farm."*

Remittances for any of the above publications should always be addressed, post-paid, to the Publishers.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO.
Dec. 2 '59 No. 54 Gold street, N. Y.

PHYSICIANS

Will find a select Stock of

Pure Chemicals,
EXTRACTS,
PHARMACEUTICAL
Preparations,
SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,
&c., &c.,

Great care is exercised in the preparation of SYRUPS, TINCTURES, FLUID EXTRACTS, and OINTMENTS, all being made strictly in accordance with the U. S. PHARMACOPÆIA, and conformably with recent improvements in PHARMACY,

AT

HENDERSON & ENNIS'S
DRUG STORE,
SALISBURY, N. C.

7-1y

T. H. McRorie,

STATESVILLE, N. C.,

Sole Agent for the sale of W. WHITELOCK & CO'S

SUPER-PHOSPATE OF LIME.

This Fertilizer is admirably adapted to the culture of Wheat, Corn, Cotton, Tobacco and vegetable productions of this country, and improves the land for future cultivation.

Orders Solicited.

29'60tf

LIME! LIME!

I HAVE at my Tan-Yard a quantity of **Superior Lime** for sale by the barrel or bushel. R. F. SIMONTON.

S. T. WRISTON,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND AT wholesale and retail, a full and complete assortment of

Plain and Japanned

TIN WARE!

which will be sold low. Merchants and others from the country will do well to give him a call before they buy elsewhere.

I have, also,

COUNTER SCALES AND WEIGHTS,
ENAMELED SAUCE JARS.
WAFFLE IRONS, Etc. Etc.
Together with STONE & CO.'S SCREW TOP GLASS
PRESERVING JARS,

for the safe-keeping of fruits and vegetables. I also keep a full supply of

Superior Cooking Stoves,

and Stoves of other kinds, which will be sold on accommodating terms.

Charlotte, N. C., June 17, 1859-6m

J. SHELLY,

MANUFACTURER OF

LADIES' FINE SHOES,
BOOTS & GAITERS,
THOMASVILLE, N. C.

Which he sells at Wholesale

Orders for Shoes by the quantity promptly attended to. mr16'60:15:1y

WANTED.

500 lbs. *Seneka Root, Dry.*
500 *lbs. Ginseng Root, Dry.*

THE highest cash price will be paid for them by W. H. WYATT, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, Salisbury, N. C.

sept 30. 43-tf

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, *Philadelphia.* A Benevolent Institution established by Special Endowment for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases.

The HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life caused by Sexual diseases, and the deceptions practiced upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a *charitable act* worthy of their name, to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases in all their forms, and to give *Medical Advice Gratis* to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.) and in case of extreme poverty, to *Furnish Medicines Free of Charge.*—It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age, and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

The Directors of the Association, in their Annual Report upon the treatment of Sexual Diseases, express the highest satisfaction with the success which has attended the labors of their Surgeons in the cure of Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Syphilis, the vice of Onanism or Self-Abuse, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, &c., and order a continuance of the same plan for the ensuing year.

The Directors, on a review of the past, feel assured that their labors in this sphere of benevolent effort have been of great benefit to the afflicted, especially to the young, and they have resolved to devote themselves, with renewed zeal, to this very important and much despised cause.

An admirable Report on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation, or Self-Abuse, and other diseases of the Sexual organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, will be be sent by mail (in a sealed envelope), *Free of Charge*, on receipt of *Two Stamps* for postage. Other Reports and Tracts on the nature and treatment of Sexual diseases, &c., are constantly being published for gratuitous distribution, and will be sent to the afflicted. Some of the new remedies and methods of treatment discovered during the last year, are of great value.

Address, for Report or treatment, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

By Order of the Directors,
EZRA D. HEARTWELL,
GEO. FAIRCHILD, *President.*
Secretary. 45

MANSION HOTEL,

Salisbury, N. C.

THE Subscriber takes pleasure in announcing to his friends, and the public generally, that he has taken this long-established and well-known Hotel, and has made every possible preparation to accommodate the business, traveling and visiting portions of the public, in the most satisfactory manner.

Particular attention is paid to his

TABLE,

and every comfort is provided in

HIS ROOMS.

His **Stables** are abundantly supplied, and attended by a careful Ostler; and to all departments the proprietor gives his personal attention.

A comfortable **Omnibus** runs regularly to the Depot on the arrival of the cars.

With these efforts to please, a liberal share of the public patronage is confidently solicited. WM ROWZEE.

May 29, 1858.

1860.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE FOR THE

Great Southern Weekly!

THE

BEST TALENT OF THE SOUTH

IS WRITING FOR IT.

The Southern Field and Fireside, Published every Saturday, at Augusta, Ga.,—acknowledged to be "*the best Family Paper in the South,*"—contains, in each issue, eight pages (forty columns) of

Choice Reading Matter,

devoted to the instruction and amusement of the friends of Southern

LITERATURE, AGRICULTURE and ART.

☞ Subscribers are presented, semi-annually, with an INDEX, or Table of Contents.

TERMS—TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

Address JAMES GARDNER, Augusta, Ga

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50 Sacks Salt,
Fresh Clover Seed and
Orchard Grass Seed
at JAMISON, SIMONTON & CO.
Feb 17 60 11:tf

Charlotte and Lincolnton

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WM. & R. TIDDY,
DEALERS IN
Foreign and American Marble,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
Marble Mantels, Head Stones, Slabs & Furniture Marble

of every Style and Quality.

They have also a great number of designs for

MONUMENTS,

which they will execute to order at reduced prices. From their long experience in the Marble business they flatter themselves that having all the facilities that can be desired in the Trade they can make it an object for all who need anything in their line to give them a call.

Shop at Charlotte, N. E. corner of the Depot Square, Lincolnton at the Public Square.

Orders at either Yard respectfully solicited and will meet with prompt attention.

august 26 '59 38:tf

CALENDAR FOR 1860.

Sunday.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Friday.	Satur.

January.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
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July.						
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February.						
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October						
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May.						
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